CANbridge Pharmaceuticals

Corporate Presentation



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Our Vision



To be a Global
Biopharmaceutical
Company



Delivering Lifechanging Therapies to Patients



Built Upon
a Foundation
in China

Key Investment Highlights



Positioned to drive rapid and comprehensive product development and market access in China and globally



Track record of sourcing and developing innovative and validated therapies



Visionary management team with deep experience in developing and commercializing rare disease therapies globally



A comprehensive portfolio of rare diseasefocused therapies with significant revenue potential



A rare disease pioneer dedicated to addressing vast and unmet medical needs





Strong Investor Base

Raised total capital of \$357m* since 2015



























2015: Series A	\$13m
2017: Series B	\$54m
2019: Series C	\$46m
2020: Series D	\$98m
2021: Series E	\$58m
2021: HKEX IPO	\$88m

Experienced Management Team

Strong global management team with deep industry experience and a track record of commercializing rare disease treatments



Dr. James Qun Xue Founder. Chairman of the Board. Executive Director. Chief Executive Officer

- Veteran entrepreneur with 22+ years of experience in medical and pharmaceutical companies
- Former Founding General Manager of Genzyme China
- Deputy Director General at CHARD, Vice Chair of R&D Committee of China Pharmaceutical Innovation and Research Development Association









Dr. Gerald Cox Chief Development Strategist, Interim Chief Medical Officer

- 21 years of biotechnology executive management
- Former CMO at Editas Medicine and VP at Genzyme
- Made major contributions to 4 INDs and 3 orphan drug marketing authorizations for serious and lifethreatening diseases that have generated US\$ 3.0+ billion revenue for Genzyme

SANOFI GENZYME 🧳

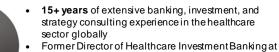






Glenn Hassan

Chief Financial Officer



- China Renaissance
- Veteran public market healthcare investor at leading firms, including Citadel and Fidelity Management

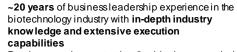






Marcelo Cheresky

Chief Commercial Officer



Previous employment at leading biopharm aceutical companies such as Bioverativ, Ultragenyx, Synageva Biopharma and Genzyme









Chris Chen

Vice President of Human Resources



Stella Mao

Senior Director, Public Affairs



Pauline Li

Senior Vice President of Clinical **Development and Operations**



Shirley Yue

Senior Director. Procurement and Supply Chain



Bettie Li

Senior Director & Head of Finance Operation and Controller



Rebecca Zhang

Senior Vice President of Regulatory Affairs



Qian Ma

Head of Legal and Compliance, Joint Company Secretaries and Board Secretary



Wei Zhang

Senior Director & China Head of CMC Department



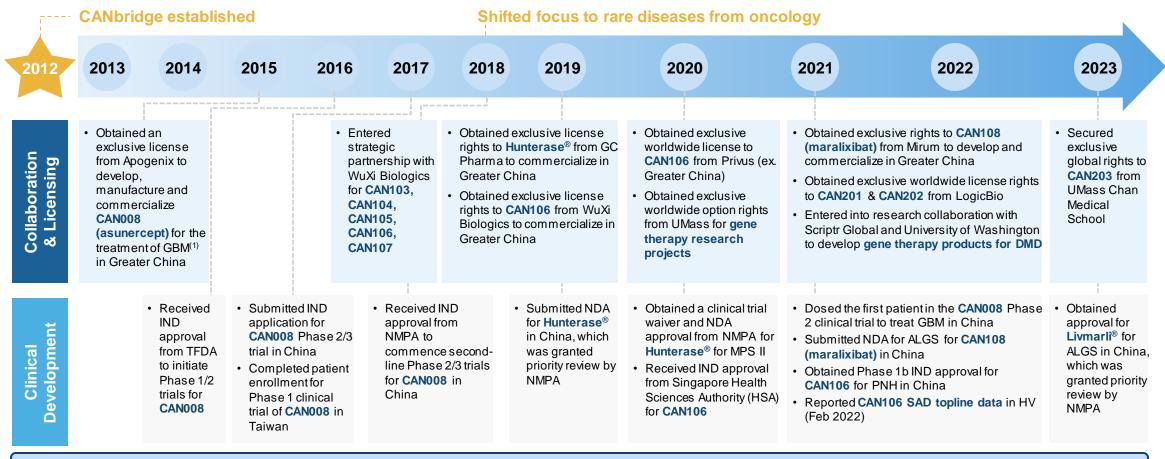
CANbridge Today

Well-positioned to Deliver Multiple Commercial and Development Milestones in Rare Diseases



Track Record of Sourcing and Developing Innovative Therapies

- ✓ Agile execution capabilities on Hunterase® with 6 months from licensing to NDA submission, then 14 months to approval
- ✓ Solid clinical progress made on CAN108 with 9 months from licensing to NDA submission, then 17 months to approval
 - ✓ Efficient clinical development on CAN103 with 16 months from IND approval to FPI in the pivotal study



Proven track record in APAC navigating through development and regulatory landscapes in mainland China, HK, Taiwan and Singapore

Well-established Commercialization Infrastructure

Launched Products



Hunterase

- Hunterase has entered into 109 cities' commercial insurance program ("Huiminbao") as of June 30, 2023
- 72% of Hunterase treated patients are covered by commercial insurance
- Expected NRDL inclusion in 2024 and 10 newly expanded target cities with commercial insurance coverage



Livmarli

- Expected NRDL inclusion in 2024 and 4 newly expanded target cities with commercial insurance coverage
- Launch of Livmarli-ALGS in China in Q1 2024
- Dedicated sales team of 12 professionals support early launch to cover 98 hospitals and 300 healthcare physicians

Expect 5 new launches in 5 years, including CAN103, CAN108-PFIC, CAN108-BA, CAN106 and CAN008

Established Commercial Infrastructure in Greater China



20+ years of experience in leading emerging market teams, establishing marketing and commercial operations, and regional country management
Deep experience in successful launches of multiple products globally including Eloctate, Alprolix, Thy rogen, Cerezy me, etc.

genzyme



China Commercial Head

/ GM of HK and Macau

17+ years of commercial experience in various companies including BMS, AbbVie and GSK, where she contributed in launching numerous key oncology, hematology, hepatology and respiratory products

Ulli Bristol Myers Squibb

Responsible for the commercial

operations in Mainland China

abbyie



Commercialization team of 40+ experienced professionals

Broad Geographical Coverage in Mainland China

	Before NRDL	After NRDL
Covered Province #	22	30
Covered City #	~50	~180
Covered Hospital #	~300	~1,100
Covered KOL #	~1,500	~5,500
Covered Population # Mn	~550	~1,130

Established commercial infrastructure in HK and Taiwan to drive robust sales



Access to GMP Manufacturing Capability for Multiple Modalities



7 CMC staff in China and the U.S.



Secured manufacturing capacity with third-party collaboration partners



In-house process development lab in the U.S.



Well-established quality control team in China and the U.S.



Abundant manufacturing capacity



Solid partnership with Wuxi

Preferred access to the Wuxi's global manufacturing capacity across all modalities (ERT, mAb, Gene therapy)











US process development lab

Total 24,500 sq. ft. (up to 90 FTEs), including AAV process lab (up to 50L scale); AAV analytical lab; Research discovery lab







Next Generation Gene Therapy Portfolio in Development

Gene therapy holds the promise to transform treatments for LSDs and neuromuscular diseases from ameliorative to curative

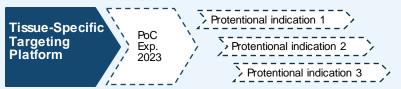
CANbridge In-house Tech Platform Pipeline



US R&D Center. Burlington, MA

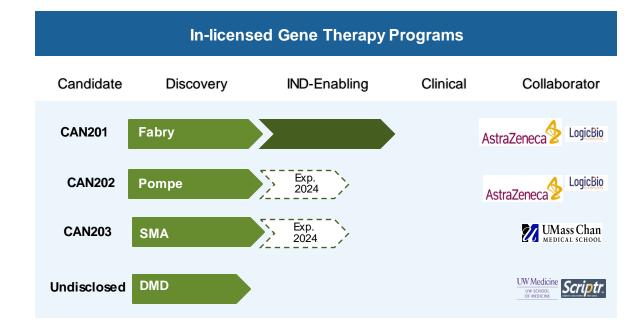
- 24,500 sq. ft. (up to 90 FTEs)
- AAV process lab (up to 50L scale)
- AAV analytical lab
- · Research discovery lab
- Opened in July 2022





CANbridge Innovative AAV Platform

- Using tissue specific cell surface receptors for targeting
- AAV platform enables future development in multiple CNS/musclerelated diseases
- · Patent filing in process



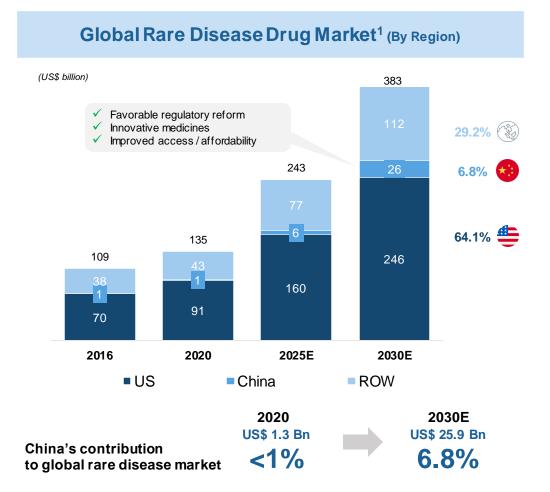
2nd Generation Capsid and Transgene engineering, CANbridge work with:

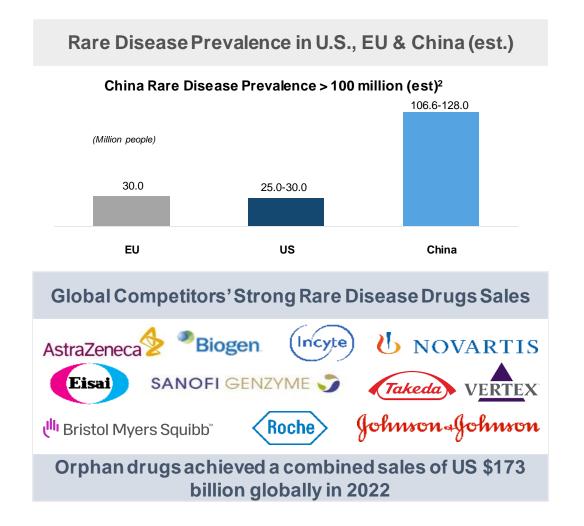
- LogicBio: Novel sAAVy capsid (sL65) with improved functional transduction and immunological profile compared to LK03
- UMass: CNS and muscle tropic new AAV
- UW and Scriptr: Dystrophin with improved function

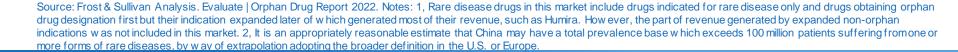




Proven Large Global Rare Disease Market Opportunity



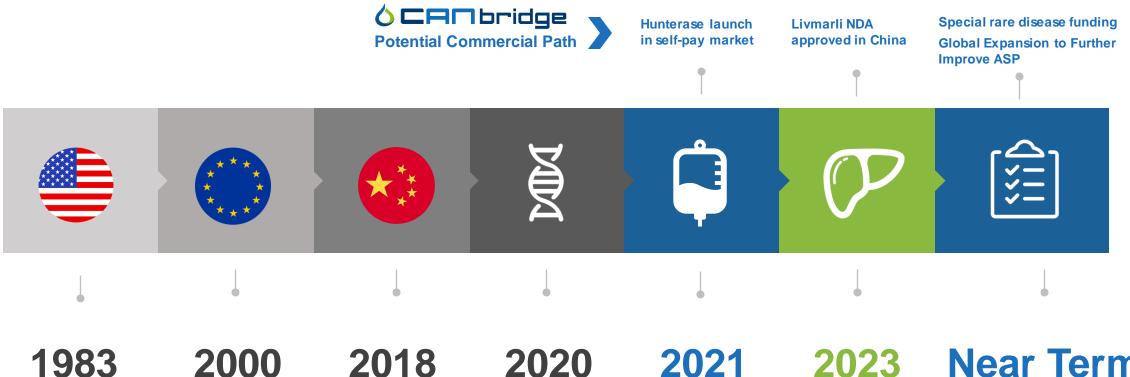






A Rapidly Evolving Market for Developing Rare Diseases Products

Emerging Favorable Regulatory Framework



US FDA enacts **Enacted Orphan Drug**

Act

EU enacts orphan drug legislation

China publishes first edition Rare Disease List

covering 121 rare diseases

29 targeted therapies for 121 diseases approved and 16 included in NRDL by NMPA

42 provinces/ cities implement insurance or policies for rare disease treatment

Near Term

2nd edition of China Rare Disease List to be released



Pipeline Targets Diseases with \$15 Billion Potential

Commercial Rights	Pipeline	Indications	Prevalence	Global Sales
	Hunterase [®]	MPS II	8k	\$ >500 M
		Alagille Syndrome	◎ 10k	\$ 75 M
China	Livmarli (CAN108)	PFIC	ॐ 5k	\$ >25 M
	(07.11.100)	Biliary Atresia	€ 6.5k*	\$ NA
	CAN008	GBM	ॐ 55k	\$ NA
		PNH	№ 23k	
	CAN106	aHUS	№ 10k	\$ >5 B
		gMG	№ 234k	9 >0 B
		NMOSD	∞ 55k → 171k	
	CAN 203	SMA		\$ 1.4 B
Global	CAN103	Gaucher Disease	🥎 78k	\$ >1.5 B
	CAN104 CAN201	Fabry Disease	3 1,789k	\$ ~2 B
	CAN202	Pompe Disease	♂ 170k	\$ >1 B
	CAN107	XLH	♂ 117k	\$ ~1 B
	CAN105	Hemophilia A	→ 340k	\$ ~4 B

\$ 2022 Global Sales (US\$)
2022 Global / China Prevalence

Abbreviations: GBM - Glioblastoma Multiforme; MPS II - Mucopolysaccharidosis type II; ALGS - Alagille Syndrome; PFIC -Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis; PNH - Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria; aHUS - Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome; gMG - Generalized Myasthenia Gravis; NMOSD - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorders; XLH - X-linked hypophosphatemia; PD - Pompe Disease. Source: Frost & Sullivan and CANbridge Analysis, NCBI research, Endocrine Journal research, World Federation of Hemophilia research

Notes: CAN008 currently has no commercialized comparable product.

Note: targeted patient pool



Our Comprehensive and Diversified Pipeline

Small

Molecule

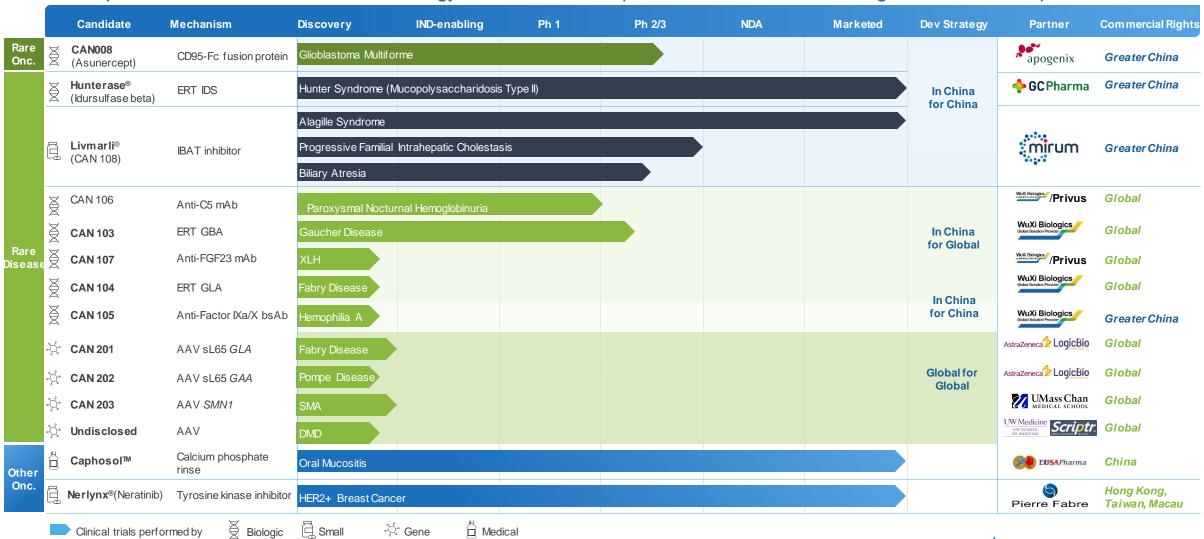
Device

Therapy

Clinical trials performed by

license partner

CANbridge holds global rights to 8 out of 14 assets, spanning biologics, small molecules, and gene therapy, targeting most prevalent rare diseases and oncology indications, with proven mechanisms and significant market potential



Recent Business Highlights



- Received China NMPA approval for marketing in May 2023
- Completed patient enrollment in Phase 2 EMBARK study in BA in China in May 2023



 Reported positive proof-of-concept data from Phase 1b trial in PNH patients in June 2023



- IDMC¹ conducted a midstudy analysis of the Phase 2 trial in Chinese patients with newly diagnosed GBM. The recommendation was to proceed with the current trial design without any changes.
- Long-term data from phase 1/2 trial presented in ESMO in Mar 2023 showed 67% fiveyear OS rate vs. 8.2% in institutional database; 17.95 months median PFS vs. 5.8 months PFS in historical group



 Initiated dosing in Phase 2 trial in adult and adolescent Gaucher disease in January 2023



 Presented ICV data that demonstrated improved lifespan and motor function in mice at 2023 ASGCT



^{1:} independent data monitoring committee

Pipeline Portfolio Update



Hunterase:

The First and the Only Approved Enzyme Replacement Therapy for MPS II in China



Hunterase® – Early Commercialization In Non-reimbursed Market

Identification of new patients accelerates, and commercial insurance coverage expands

Overview of MPS II



MPS II is a rare, disabling and lifethreatening genetic disease



In East Asian countries, MPS II is the most common form of MPS disorders



Chinese government has included MPS II on the "National Rare Disease List" as a disease group to target



Life expectancy of patients with severe MPS II (60%-80% of cases) is significantly reduced



Death occurs generally before the age of 25

Hunterase Commercial Updates



Total 739 identified patients

- **72** patients newly identified in 2023
- **263** patients newly identified in 2022
- 195 identified in 2021 since launch in May 2021
- **209** registered by patient group

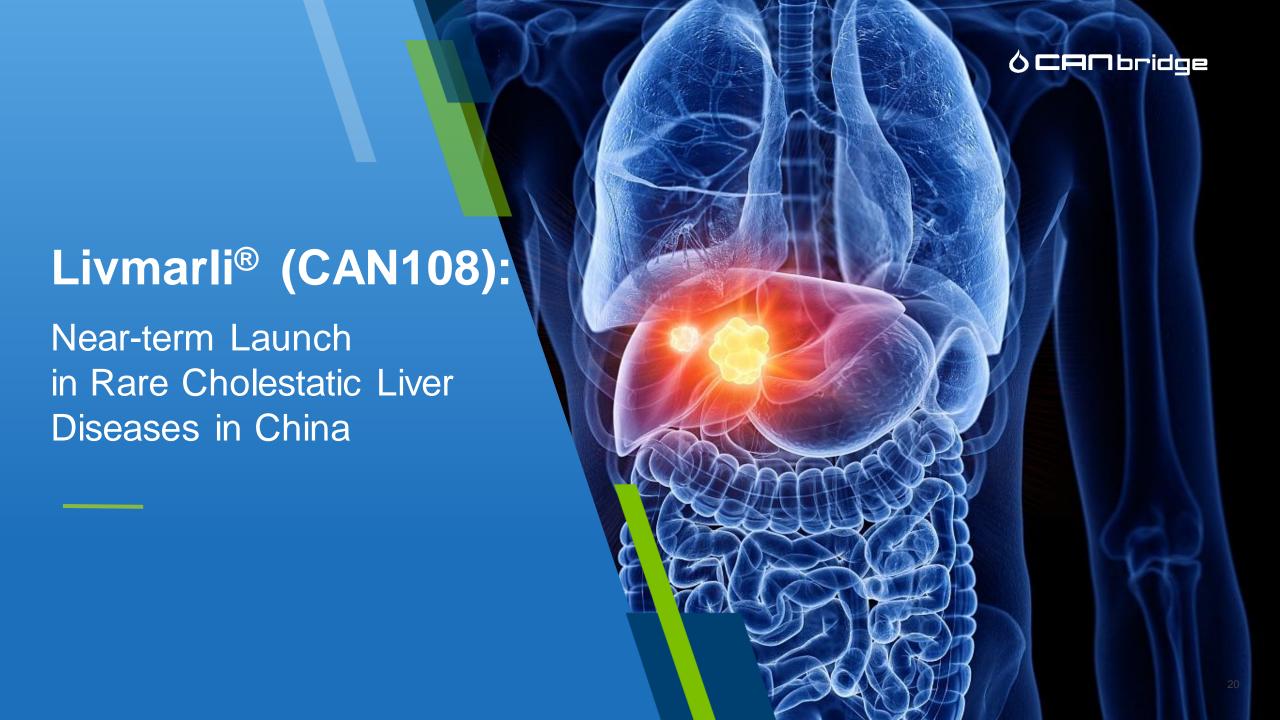




- Hunterase has entered into 109 cities' commercial insurance program ("Huiminbao") as of end of June 2023, covering a population of 586 million in China
- 72% of Hunterase treated patients are covered by commercial insurance
- Reimbursement rate ranges from 20% to 90%







Livmarli – IBAT Inhibitor for Rare Cholestatic Liver Diseases

A novel, oral, minimally-absorbed agent designed to selectively inhibit IBAT in the ileum and treat rare cholestatic liver diseases, including ALGS, PFIC and BA

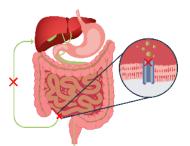
Recent Highlights

- Received China NMPA marketing approval for ALGS in 1H 2023
- Filed Hong Kong/Taiwan FDA for ALGS, with estimated approval by the end of 2023
- Mirum realized \$75.1 million in LIVMARLI (maralixibat) net product sales in the first full fiscal year of its U.S. launch
- Mirum dosed first patient in Phase 2 BA China study and reported positive topline
 Phase 3 PFIC data and label expansion for ALGS to include infants of 3 months+

Disease Overview

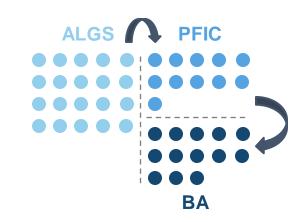
- Alagille Syndrome (ALGS): a rare genetic disorder that can affect multiple organ systems of the body, including the liver, heart, skeleton, eyes and kidneys. No procedure to cure ALGS completely
- Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis (PFIC): a rare genetic liver disorder in which liver cells don't release bile properly, causing bile accumulation in the cells. Surgical treatment includes external or internal biliary diversions
- Biliary Atresia (BA): a rare disease of the liver and bile ducts that occurs in infants.
 Currently no cure for BA available. Treatments include liver transplant and Kasai procedure

Mechanism of Action



- IBAT is primarily responsible for recycling bile acids from the intestine ileum back to the liver
- Elevated bile acids damage the liver and lead to cholestatic liver disease
- Livmarli is designed to inhibit IBAT in the ileum and result in more bile acids being excreted in the feces, leading to lower levels of bile acids systemically, thereby reducing bile acid mediated effects and liver damage

Epidemiology



Represent 500 patients

More ~22,000 targeted patients with ALGS, PFIC, BA in China

Source: Frost & Sullivan Analysis. Abbreviations: IBAT, ileal sodium-dependent bile acid transporter

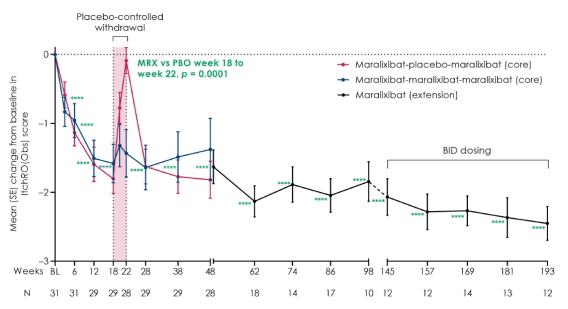


lohal

In Global for Global



Statistically Significant, Clinically Meaningful, and Sustained Improvement in Pruritis



Change from baseline, **** $p \le 0.0001$ (overall population)

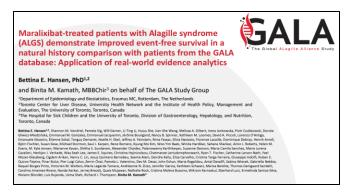
- Robust results from the pivotal LUM001-304 study, meeting the efficacy endpoint, improvement in pruritus, and long-term treatment benefit
- The results of the 4 supportive studies support the pivotal study efficacy results and effective dose
 - The effect of maralixibat treatment on all efficacy parameters was maintained after Week 48 up to Week 240.

Safety Data of LIVMARLI in ALGS Includes 5 Years of Follow-up

Events observed over 5% patients	Number of events per 100 person-years
Diarrhea	41.6
Abdominal pain	38.6
Vomiting	19.8
Nausea	2.9
Fat-soluble vitamin deficiency	11.1
Transaminase increased	6.9
GI bleeding	3.8
Bone fractures	3.3

- Population Exposure Status: Maralixibat has been studied in > 1600 subjects, including more than 180 pediatric or adult subjects with cholestatic liver disease. Of 119 children with cholestatic liver disease treated for up to 5 years, 86 had ALGS.
- Common Adverse Events: In the ALGS pool, events of diarrhea and abdominal pain were the most frequently reported AE in subjects exposed to maralixibat and placebo.
- Serious Adverse Events: in the ALGS pooled population, no subjects in the majority of maralixibat clinical studies experienced SAE and no deaths were reported.

Long-term Data Emerging Suggests Improvement in Event-Free Survival and Growth



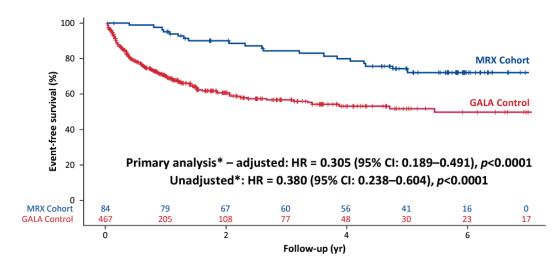
- Cohort of 84 patients treated with maralixibat compared with an external matched control cohort of 469 patients from the GALA* Database
- Events defined as: liver transplantation; biliary diversion surgery; liver decompensation event; or death.

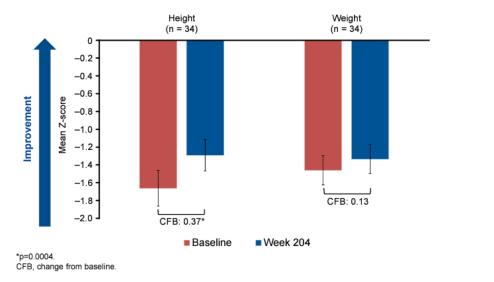
Maralixibat improves growth in patients with Alagille syndrome: A 4-year analysis

Binita M Kamath, ¹ Douglas B Mogul,² Marshall Baek,² Tiago Nunes,³ Pamela Vig²

'Division of Casticenterolog, Hepatology & Nultition, Hospital for Sick Children and University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada, ¹Mrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Foster City, CA, USA, ¹Mrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Basel, Switzerland

- Patients with ALGS typically suffer significant growth deficiency
- Mean height Z-score significantly increased from Baseline to Week 204 in ALGS patients treated with maralixibat





Adapted from posters and presentations at 2022 ESPGHAN Annual Meeting. GALA: Global Alagille Alliance



Commercial Launch of LIVMARLI in Reimbursed Market in Jan 2024

China market potential: \$100-150 million in ALGS and \$200-250 million for three indications combined

Feb 2022 May 2023 2H 2023 Jan 2024

Early Access Program in Bo'Ao NDA Approval in China NRDL Submission & NRDL Reimbursement in China

Updating Treatment Consensus

10,000 potential ALGS patients in China

~450

~350

Current diagnosed patients

Current addressable patients

CANbridge Sales Team of 12 dedicated to support early launch in 2024 to cover :

Target Hospitals: 98

Target Healthcare Physicians: 300

Anticipated approval and launch in Taiwan and Hong Kong between 2H 2023 and 1Q 2024

NRDL = national reimbursement drug list



n China for Global

Global for Global



LIVMARLI Key Launch Initiatives

LIVMARLI as New Standard of Care

- Leverage maralixibat efficacy in pruritus relief and sBA reduction
- Explore long-term clinical outcome, such as transplant avoidance or delay

Disease Awareness

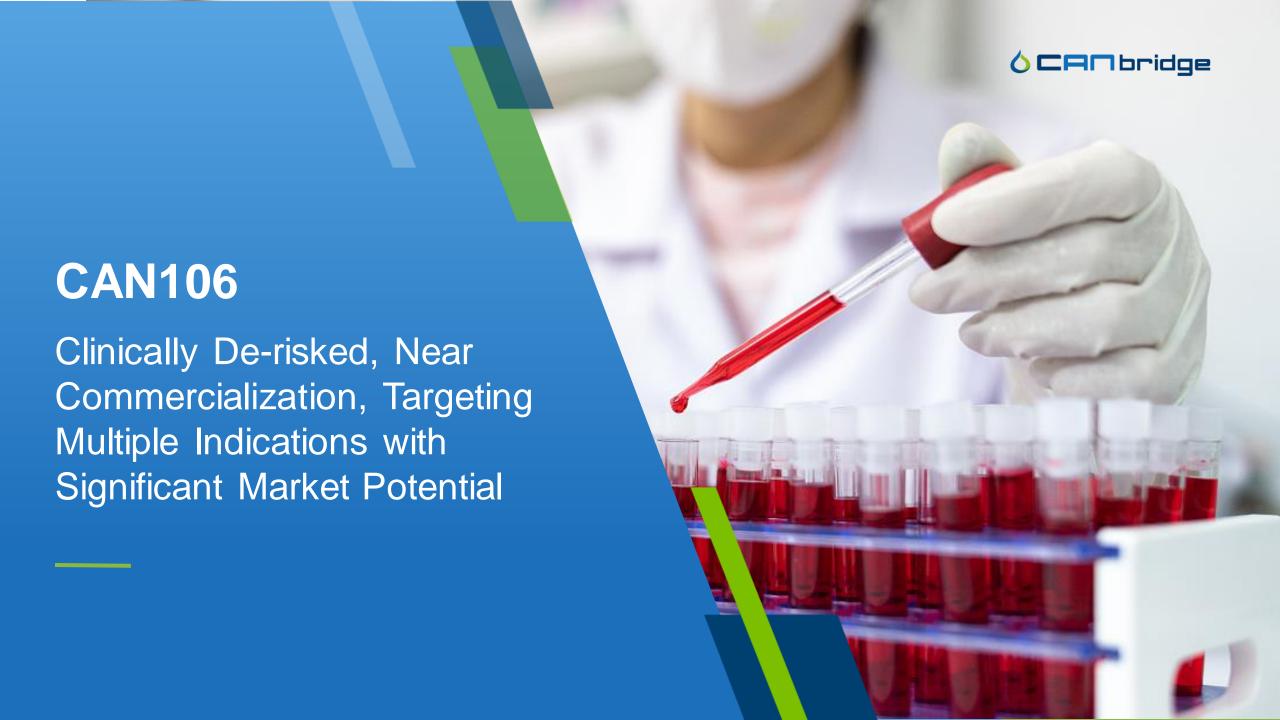
- Increase physician attention to pruritus and the impact on patients' quality of life
- Build a full recognition on the significance between pruritus relief/sBA reduction and long-term event-free survival enhancement

Patient Diagnosis and Identification

- Boost patient registration in key provinces
- Expand Center of Excellence and referral network

Abbreviation: sBA, serumbile acids





CAN106 – Long-acting Anti-C5 Therapy for Complement Disorders

Novel, long-acting monoclonal antibody for the treatment of complement-mediated diseases, including PNH, myasthenia gravis (MG) and various other complement-mediated diseases that are targeted by anti-C5 antibodies.

Recent Highlights



Completed first-in-human study conducted in Singapore in 2021 and **positive** top-line data reported



IND Approval for the treatment of PNH in China in Jul. 2021



Orphan Drug Designation granted by FDA for treatment of myasthenia gravis in Nov. 2022



Positive Phase 1b data in PNH patients reported in Jun. 2023

Disease Overview

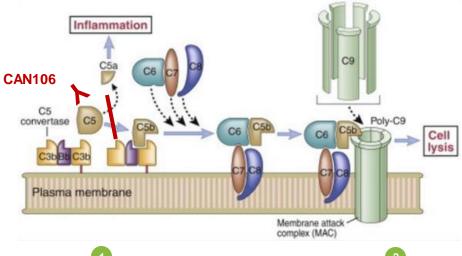
Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)

belongs to a group of fatal and rare disorders that occur when the complement system is dysregulated. In patients with PNH, the proteins that normally protect their red blood cells are not present, leaving these denuded cells susceptible to complement attack, which results in their destruction (hemolysis).

This leads to severe anemia, thromboembolism, gastrointestinal pain and dysfunction, fatigue, cardiac failure, pulmonary hypertension, renal impairment, and eventually, death.

PNH is an acquired genetic condition that can occur at any age across genders and race, but most commonly presents in adults in their 30s to 40s and continues for the life of the patient.

Mechanism of Action



1

CAN106 binds to the α chain of C5, which prevents C5 from being cleaved into C5a and C5b by C5 convertase, thus preventing MAC formation and cell lysis

CAN106 preserves the generation of C3b, which is essential for the clearance of circulating immune complexes and the normal phagocytosis of bacterial and fungal pathogens

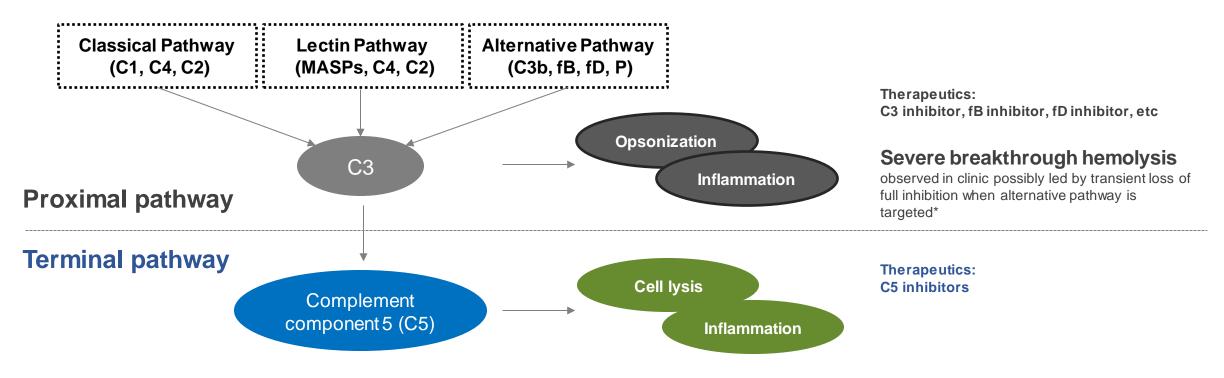


C5 linhibition Remains the Current Standard of Care for PNH

Recent studies raise concerns about potential risks associated with proximal inhibitors in anti-complement treatment.

- Enhanced complement inhibition leads to heightened breakthrough hemolysis risk upon inhibition loss, due to increased susceptible PNH clones.
- Enzymatic activities upstream of the terminal pathway contribute to amplified breakthrough hemolysis risk with proximal inhibition.
- Loss of inhibition at the proximal level triggers exacerbated intra- and extra-vascular hemolysis severity, contrasting with terminal level inhibition loss.

Illustration of Complement Pathways





CANbridge Reported Positive Preliminary Results From Phase 1b/2 Trial In PNH Patients

Safety & Tolerability

- CAN106 was well-tolerated and safe. 6 subjects (37.5%), up until the data cutoff, experienced 18 drug-related AEs, with all AEs being
 mild and moderate. No drug-related SAE, and no drug-related AE led to discontinuation.
- Two breakthrough hemolysis events (Grade 2) were observed in 2 subjects in Cohort 3, due to COVID-19 infection and were assessed as unrelated to study drug.

PK & PD

- CAN106 exposure (C_{max} and AUC) was dose-proportional over the studied dose range (20 mg/kg to 80 mg/kg).
- Free C5 inhibition was dose-dependent with complete and sustained inhibition (< 0.5 ug/ml) achieved by all subjects in Cohort 3.
- Free C5 inhibition was achieved with every four-week dosing.

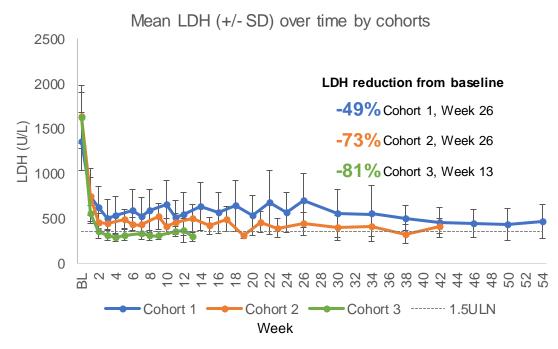
Clinical Efficacy

- LDH levels were reduced in a dose-dependent manner: -49% in Cohort 1, -73% in Cohort 2, and -81% Cohort 3.
- Hemoglobin levels increased across all cohorts: 1.8 g/dL (Week 26) and 3.8 g/dL (Week 54) in Cohort 1; 2.0 g/dL (Week 26) and 2.4 g/dL (Week 42) in Cohort 2, and 1.0 g/dL (Week 13) in Cohort 3.
- % of subjects with Hgb >7 g/dL at baseline → last visit: 50% → 100% in Cohort 1, 50% → 75% in Cohort 2, 88% → 88% in Cohort 3
- % of subjects with Hgb >9 g/dL at baseline → last visit: 0% → 100% in Cohort 1, 25% → 50% in Cohort 2, 25% → 50% in Cohort 3

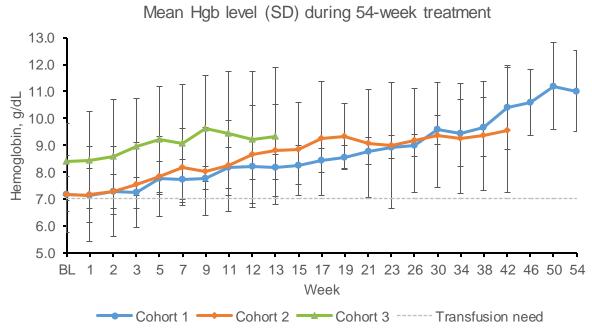


Dose-dependent, Rapid and Substantial Effects on LDH and Hgb

Cohort 3: LDH, a biomarker of hemolysis, was reduced by 81% at Week 13. All subjects showed rapid and sustained LDH reduction, with 88% (7/8) subjects in Cohort 3 achieving LDH < 1.5 x ULN at least once after Week 3



Cohort	Maintenance Dose	Extension Dose (after Week 26)
1	20 mg/kg q4w	40 11 4
2	40 mg/kg q4w	40 mg/kg q4w
3	80 mg/kg q4w	80 mg/kg q4w



Hgb levels improved across all cohorts.

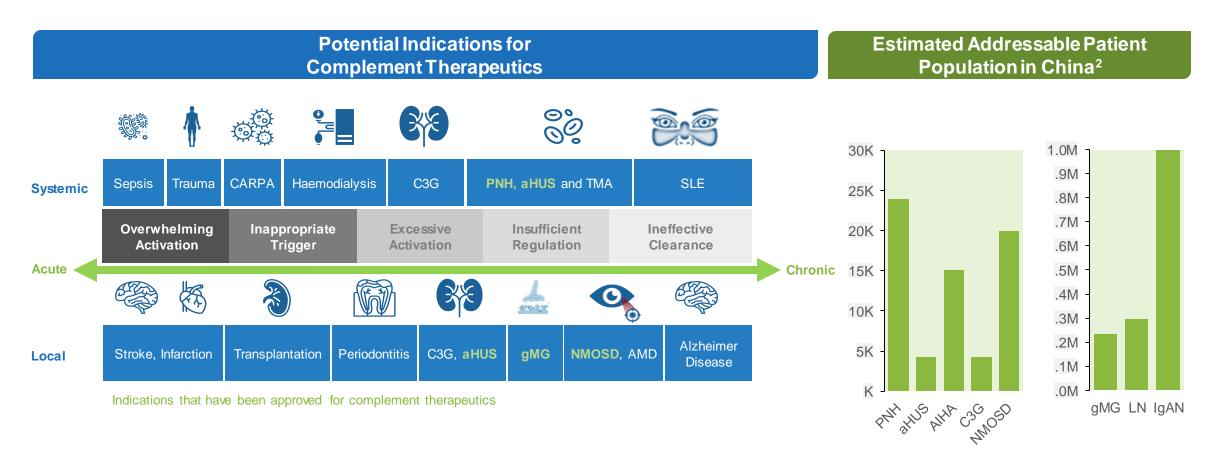
- Cohort1: Mean Hgb increase from baseline of 1.8 g/dL at Week 26 and 3.8 g/dL at Week 54.
- Cohort 2: Mean Hgb increase from baseline of 2.0 g/dL at Week 26 and 2.4 g/dL at Week 42.
- Cohort 3: Mean Hgb increase from baseline of 1.0 g/dL at Week 13.
- Two subjects in Cohort 3 at Week 13 achieved Hgb ≥12 g/dL in the absence of transfusion.

LDH—lactate dehydrogenase. Target range for hemolysis inhibition is LDH is < 1.5 x ULN = 351 U/L; Two breakthrough hemolysis events caused by COVID-19 were reported at Week 12 in Cohort 3, leading to transient elevations in LDH (>2x ULN) that recovered by Week 13.



CAN106 – Potential for Other Complement Disorders

Potential "Pipeline in a Product". Initial development efforts focused on PNH treatment. Estimated global market revenue projections of >\$9B in 20251



Abbreviation: PNH, paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria. Notes: 1. According to Alexion Investor Day 2020 news release published on October 6, 2020. 2, Risitanon and Rotoli, 2008 & Chinese KOL interview; China aHUS Diagnosis and Treatment Consensus, 2017; China MG Diagnosis and Treatment Guideline, 2015 & How ard et cl., 2017; Zanella and Barcellini, 2014 & Berentsen and Sundic, 2015; Mahmoud et cl., 2016; CANbridge research



CAN106 – Differentiated Follow-On Indication Strategy

CAN106's multi-indication potential, coupled with the limited access to the current available anti-C5 therapies in most parts of the world, allows for versatile indication expansion and go-to-market strategies to maximize its global commercial value

	Soliris & Ultomiris Approval and Reimbursement Status ¹														
							- (10)								
	PNH	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
Soliris	aHUS	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
Sol	gMG	✓	О	✓	0	0	0	✓							
	NMOSD	✓	0	✓	✓	0	0	✓							
10	PNH	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
niris	aHUS	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
Ultomiris	gMG	✓	X	Ο	0	0	0	✓							
	NMOSD	X	X	0	0	0	0	0							

Diagnosed Prevalence for Select Complement-mediated Disorders ²														
PNH	~5K	~8K	~1K											
aHUS	~2K	~3K	~450											
gMG	~66K	~102K	~13K											
NMOSD	~13K	~6K	~4K											

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- Despite broad approval of existing C5 inhibitors, patient access to Alexion's therapies approved in gMG and NMOSD is still limited, particularly in **European and Rest-of-World markets**
- Access to anti-C5 therapies in developing countries is even more limited or non-existent
- Future CAN106 clinical development and commercialization plans can be optimized to prioritize development in de-risked, high-value complementmediated disorders in markets underserved by Soliris and Ultomiris
- Additional indications where anti-C5 therapies are not approved yet are available for exploration and expansion
- 1. ClearView Healthcare Partners Analysis; Japan gMG reimbursement status inferred from previous reimbursement activities 2. CANbridge Internal Analysis



CAN106 – Complement Advisory Board

Board will offer guidance on the CAN106 global development program, as well as explore the potential for CAN106 in other indications



Anthony Amato, MD

- · Brigham and Women's Hospital Distinguished Chair in Neurology
- Chief of the Neuromuscular Division and Director of the Clinical Neurophysiology Laboratory at Brigham and Women's Hospital
- Professor of Neurology at Harvard Medical School



Gerald Cox, MD, PhD

- Chief Development Strategist & Interim Chief Medical Officer
- Clinical geneticist and pediatrician at Boston Children's Hospital
- Former Chief Medical Officer at Editas Medicine
- · Vice President, Rare Disease Clinical Development at Sanofi



Jean Francis, MD

- Medical Director of Kidney Transplant Program at Boston Medical Center and Boston Univ Sch of Med
- Medical Director of Combined Pancreas Transplant Program at Boston Medical Center and Brigham and Brigham & Women's Hospital
- Associate Professor of Medicine at Boston Univ Sch of Med



Richard Polisson. MD, MHSc

- · Clinical Development Consultant
- · Former CMO at Artax Biopharma
- · Senior VP and Head of TransI Med at Sanofi-Genzyme R&D Center
- Clin Dir of Arthritis Unit and Chair of Mallinckrodt Clin Res Unit Scientific Adv Comm at Massachusetts General Hospital
- Associate Professor of Medicine at Harvard Medical School



Sushrut Waikar.



- · Chief of Nephrology at Boston Medical Center
- · Norman G. Levinsky Professor of Medicine at Boston University School of Medicine
- Former Constantine L. Hampers, MD Distinguished Chair in Renal Medicine at Brigham and Women's Hospital



Brian Weinshenker, MD

- Professor of Neurology at University of Virginia
- Former Professor of Neurology at Mayo Clinic

Neuromuscular **Disorders**

Rare Disease Drug **Development**

Organ Transplant, PNH, **Thrombotic Microangiopathy**

Rare Disease Drug Development. **Rheumatologic Diseases**

Renal Diseases, Noninvasive Biomarkers of **Renal Injury and Fibrosis**

NMOSD and Other CNS **Demyelinating Diseases**







CAN008 – CD95-Fc Fusion Protein for Glioblastoma Multiforme (GBM)

CAN008 is in clinical development as a first-line therapy for GBM in China

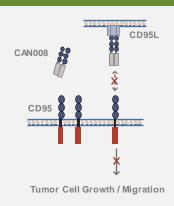
Recent Highlights

- An independent data monitoring committee completed an interim analysis and review of the ongoing Phase 2 study of CAN008 and recommended the study continue without any changes to the current trial design in July 2023.
- Currently in Phase 2 registrational trial in newly diagnosed GBM in China.
 Patient enrollment (N = 117) completed in March 2023
- Long-term data from phase 1/2 trial presented in ESMO in Mar 2023 shows
 - 67% five-year OS rate compared to 8.2% in institutional database
 - 83% OS at two years vs. 34.3% OS from institutional database
 - 17.95 months median PFS vs. 5.8 months PFS in historical group

GBM Overview

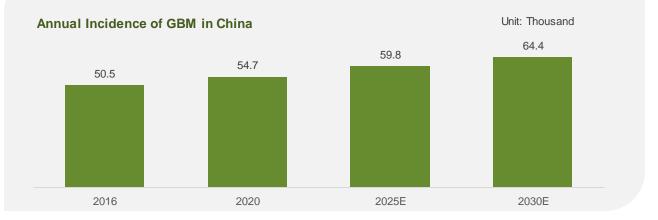
- A rare oncologic disease with **lower incidence** than other cancer types
- Median age of diagnosis is 64 years, and it is slightly more common (1.59 times) in men as compared to women
- The most common and malignant type of glioma in adults. About 45% of gliomas are glioblastoma multiforme
- Estimated 5-year survival of 5.5% globally and below 5% in China
- Treatment options: surgical resection, adjuvant chemotherapy with TMZ, tumor treating field (TTF), bevacizumab (Avastin)

Mechanism of Action



- CD95L binds to its receptor, CD95, on the cell surface and induces the oligomerization of CD95, which triggers an intracellular signaling cascade that stimulates tumor cell growth and migration
- CAN008 acts as a soluble receptor that specifically binds to CD95L and blocks the endogenous CD95 / CD95L signaling pathway in tumor cells. CAN008 also blocks CD95 / CD95L engagement on T cells, which prevents T cell apoptosis and restores immune function
 - As the oligomerization of CD95 is blocked and signal transduction is inhibited, the growth and migration of tumor cells are suppressed

Epidemiology



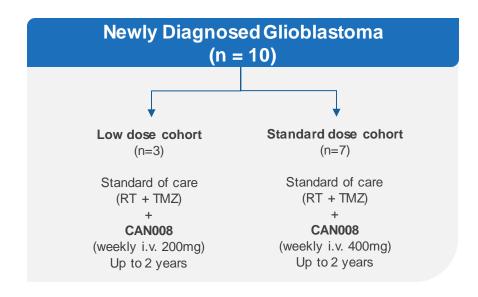
 $Source: Frost \& Sullivan \ Analysis. \ Notes: GBM, \ glioblastoma \ multiforme; \ TMZ, \ temozolomide$





CAN008 – Phase 1 in Newly Diagnosed GBM

CANO08 shows clear signs for clinical efficacy in newly diagnosed GBM patients

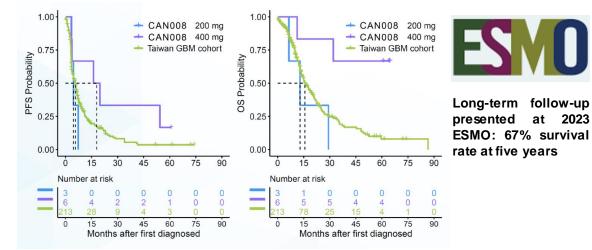


Safety

- No specific safety issues when CAN008 (200 or 400 mg) was combined with RT and TMZ.
- No subjects discontinued due to treatment-emergent adverse events.
- No patients experienced dose-limiting toxicity (DLT).
- Maximum administered dose of 400 mg IV once weekly recommended as the RP2D.

Efficacy		
PFS rates	200 mg cohort	400 mg cohort
PFS-3 months	33.33%	71.42%
PFS-6 months	33.33%	57.14%
PFS-9 months	0% (all progressed)	57.14%
PFS-12 months	-	57.14%
Median PFS	2.37 months	N/A ⁽¹⁾

Kaplan-Meier survival curves of the historical GBM cohort and CAN008 cohorts with different dosages





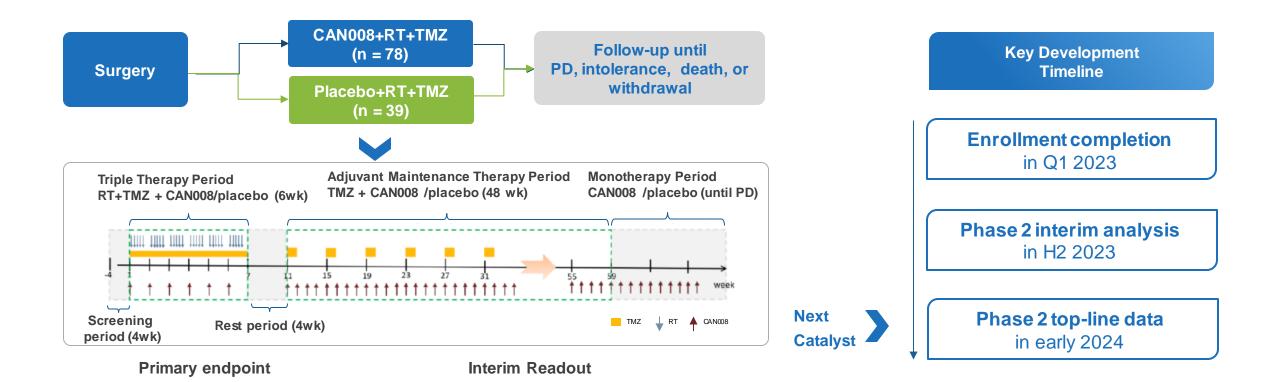
Source: Wei K-C et al, Sci Rep 2021;11:24067

In China for China



CAN008 – Ongoing Phase 2 Registrational Trial in Newly Diagnosed GBM

Phase 2 Multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study



Progression of 37 cases



In China for China



Progression-free survival (PFS)

CANbridge's Next-Generation Innovation and Process Development Facility in Burlington, Massachusetts

Next-gen Gene Therapy Pipeline

Proprietary Gene Therapy Technology Platform & Powerful Discovery Engine

We continue to invest in gene therapy as our next-generation technology development and expand our in-house R&D activity to generate promising leads for treatment of rare diseases

Research Collaborations with World-Renowned Investigators and Academic Institutions

Collaborations in Neuromuscular Disorders



Investigators:

- Dr. Guangping Gao
- Dr. Miguel Esteves

<u>UW Medicine</u>

OF MEDICINE

Investigator:

· Dr. Jeff Chamberlain

Potentially best-in-class SMA GT (Global rights secured)

Novel tissue-tropic AAV capsid discovery

Potentially best-in-class DMD GT

In-House AAV Gene Therapy Platform and Process Development Facility



Platform technology with guided AAV tissue targeting, such as CNS or muscles



AAV process development lab and pilot plants in Greater Boston

Strategic Collaborations with Innovative Industry Partners



Licensed worldwide rights to **liver-tropic capsid** for AAV gene therapy products to treat Fabry and Pompe diseases

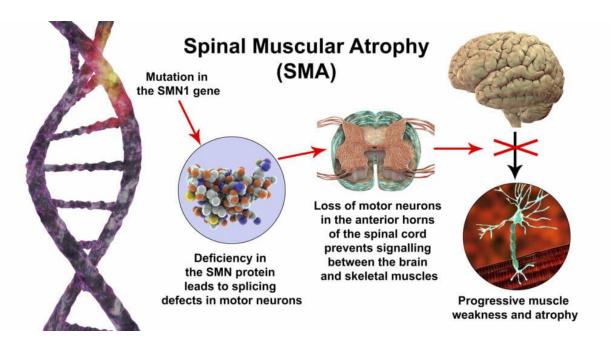


Exclusive worldwide rights to proprietary RNA Assembly Technology to develop next-gen GT for dystrophinopathies



CAN203 – Second Generation Gene Therapy for Spinal Muscular Atrophy

SMA Pathophysiology Illustration



CAN203

- Second-gen gene therapy to potentially treat SMA type 1-3 (from infants to adult patients)
- Endogenous promoter: regulated, targeted tissue expression to avoid unwanted toxicity in liver and heart
- Codon optimized: enhanced tissue expression
- May achieve safer, more cost-effective treatment with lower doses compared to standard of care gene therapy
- Presented additional preclinical data at the premier academic conference 2022 and 2023 ASGCT.

Epidemiology

- Autosomal recessive genetic inheritance
- 1 in 6,000 to 1in 10,000 children born with SMA
- Affects all racial and ethnic groups
- One of the most common rare diseases

Unmet Need

- Patients with SMA over the age of two cannot be treated with the 1st-gen gene therapy Zolgensma®
- Black box warning of serious liver injury associated with Zolgensma[®]
- Limited access due to high price

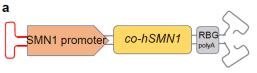
Source: Cow en Equity Research and SMA Foundation.



CAN203 - Preclinical Data Presented at 2022 and 2023 ASGCT

Head-to-head comparison between the 2nd-generation vector (CAN203) and the reference vector (designed similar to Zolgensma®): both IV* and ICV* injections demonstrate therapeutic advantages

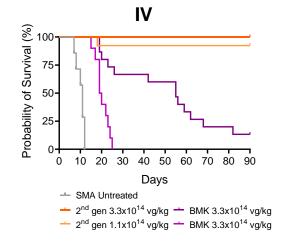
2nd gen vector: Endogenous SMN1 promoter isolated and inserted upstream of the codon-optimized hSMN1

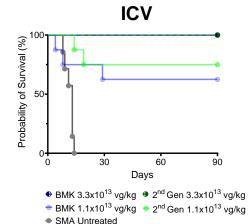


pAAVsc-SMNp-co-hSMN1 (2nd gen vector)

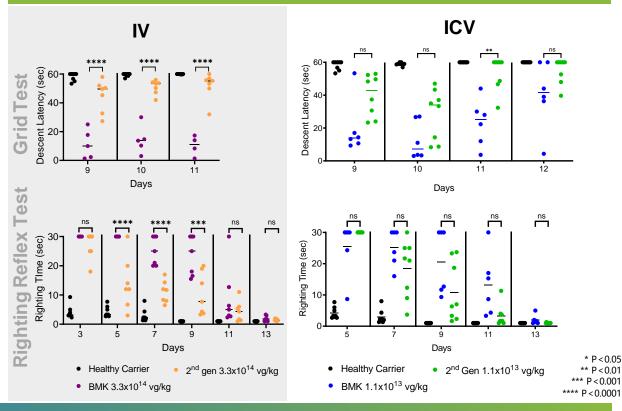
Unlike the 1st gen benchmark vector that utilizes a ubiquitous promoter leading to non-specific high-level SMN expression across tissues, the 2nd gen vector (CAN203) utilizes an endogenous SMN1 promoter, enabling tissue-specific regulation of SMN protein expression.

Survival curve of vector-treated mice





2nd gen vector conferred significantly better restoration of motor function than the benchmark vector in SMA mice



In vivo data demonstrates the superiority of the 2nd-generation vector in extending lifespan, improving motor function, and eliminating liver toxicity (data not shown)

IV: intravenous; ICV: Intracerebroventricular

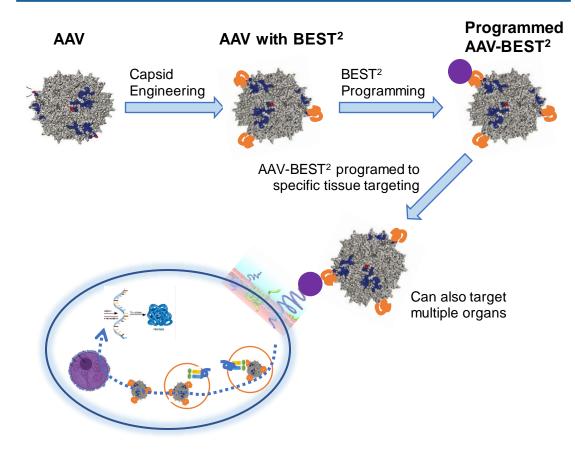




CANbridge Innovative AAV Capsid Platform: BEST²AAV

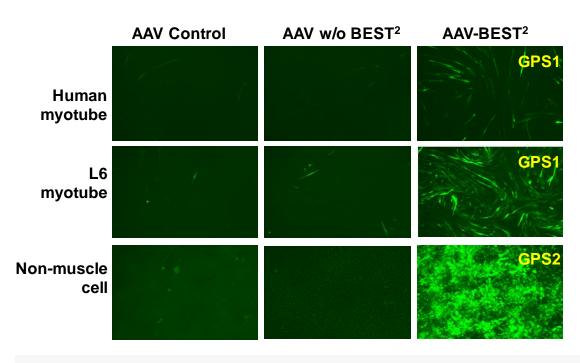
Addressing limitations of current AAV technology

CANbridge BEST² Tissue Specific Delivery Platform



Note: Tabebordbar M et al, Cell 2021

PoC of BEST²AAV *in vitro* in Myotubes and Non-Muscle Cells



Additional Data

- BEST² demonstrated superior transduction to AAV, with similar transduction to MyoAAV*
- IVIG inhibited transduction of myotubes by AAV9 and MyoAAV, but not by BEST²



In Global for Global

Comparison of CANbridge BEST² with Other Novel Capsid Approaches

Natural Cap Discovery

Pros

- 100s identified
- Nature made from evolution

Cons

- Serendipitous
- Broad tissue tropism
- NAb/CTLs
- Unknown species translatability

Rational Design

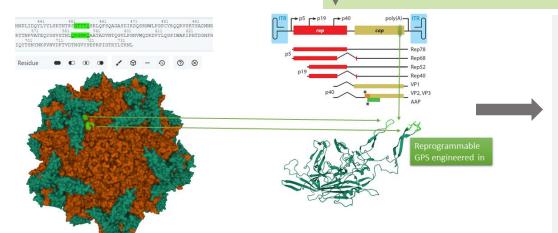
- · Based on understanding of receptor biology
- More predictable species translatability
- May alter NAb
- Lack of full understanding of receptor biology
- Hard to engineer into AAV

Directed Evolution

- High throughput
- Inclusive of all possible combinations nature can't do
- Time consuming on panning Unknown species translatability
- Costly validation on transability and manufacturability
- · Different tissues may need different AAVs

In-Silico Design

- As for Directed evolution
- Powerful AI learning capsid biology to guide rational library design
- As for Directed evolution
- Different tissues may need different AAVs



CANbridge AAV-BEST²

- Small edits to avoid impact on CMC developability
- Liver de-targeted AAV to avoid peripheral sinkers
- One AAV fits all, only need to replace the "GOI"
- Simplify manufacturing process development with one AAV
- Programmable "GPS-like" for a specific tissue or tissues
 - Single or multi-tissue delivery capability
- Bypass NAb → increases the number of patients eligible to AAV gene therapy
- Two targets on the same tissue can be used by two different BEST² to further avoid NAbs for repeated dosing

Gene Therapies to Treat LSDs

Gene therapy holds the promise to transform treatments for lsds such as Fabry disease / Pompe disease from chronic to curative

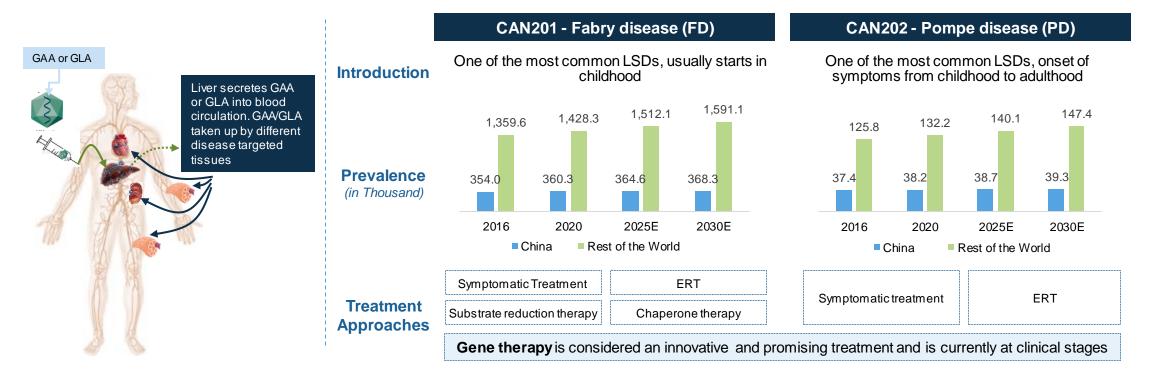
Application to Lysosomal Storage Diseases (LSDs)



LSDs are a group of over **70 diseases** that are characterized by lysosomal dysfunction, most of which are inherited as autosomal recessive traits, including Gaucher disease, Fabry disease and Pompe disease



Clinical trials are in progress on possible treatments for some of these diseases, but there is currently no approved treatment for many LSDs

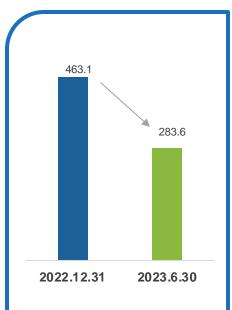


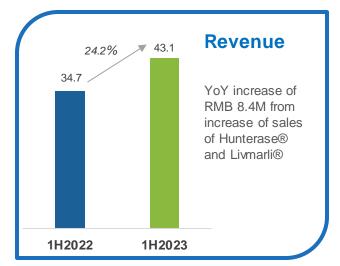


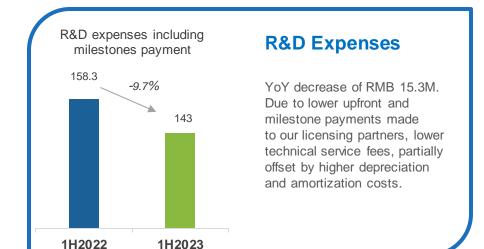




1H 2023 Financial Highlights



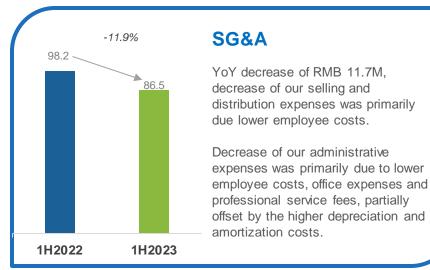


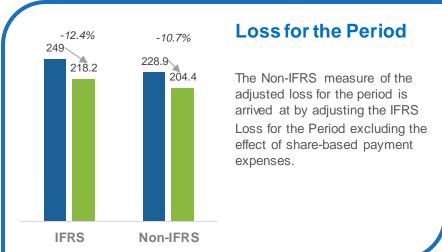


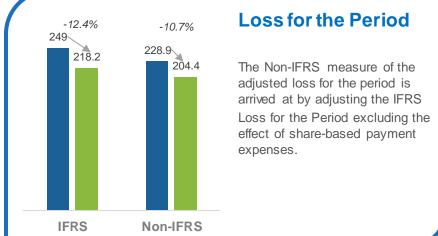
RMB Million

Cash Balance

YoY decrease of RMB 179.5M. primarily attributed to net cash outflows used in operations







Outlook

Past and Upcoming Milestones

Two products planned for NRDL negotiation in 2023 and Multiple NDA filings expected by 4Q2024

Livmarli

Hunterase

CAN106

CAN008

CAN103

CAN203

1H 2023

Approved for marketing in mainland China

Identified 739 patients, expanded to 109 cities, covering 586m pupolation

Released positive Phase 1b data Phase 2 Enrollment completed in Q1

IDMC¹ completed an interim analysis and review of Phase 2 study and recommended the study continue without any changes

Initiated Part B in the Phase 1/2 Clinical trial Data Presented at ASGCT² shows CAN203 is able to achieve superior potency, efficacy and safety in mice with SMA compared to the benchmark vector

Upcoming

H2 2023 – NRDL negotiation

H2 2023 – ALGS Approval in TW/HK

H2 2023 – BA Interim readout

H2 2024 – PFIC Approval in mainland China/Taiwan H2 2023 – NRDL negotiation

2023/24 – Keep enhancing commercial insurance entrance to more cities H2 2023 – Phase 2 patient enrollment

2025 – Potential NDA filing in 1H2025 1H 2024 –

Topline data from the Phase 2 clinical trial

2024 – otential NDA filing in 2024 End of 2024 – Plan to file NDA

Continue to advance 2nd gen SMA gene therapy to IND



^{1:} IDMC, Independent Data Monitoring Committee,

^{2:} ASGCT, American Society of Gene and Cell Therapy Annual Meeting





THANK YOU



CANBRIDGE-B 01228. HK

www.canbridgepharma.com

