

CANbridge
Pharmaceuticals

Corporate Presentation

November 2022

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Our Vision

To be a **Global Biopharmaceutical Company**
Delivering **Life-changing Therapies to Patients**
Built Upon a **Foundation in China**

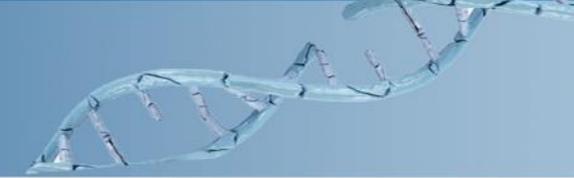




01

Business Overview

Key Investment Highlights



Positioned to drive rapid and comprehensive product development and market access in China and globally



A comprehensive portfolio of rare disease-focused therapies with significant revenue potential



Track record of sourcing and developing innovative and validated therapies

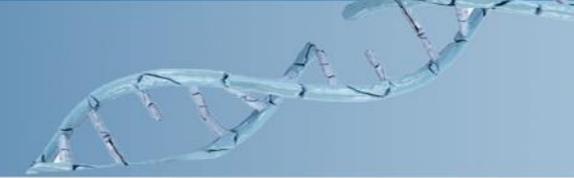


A rare disease pioneer dedicated to addressing vast and unmet medical needs



Visionary management team with deep experience in developing and commercializing rare disease therapies globally

Significant Global Opportunity Targeting Rare Diseases

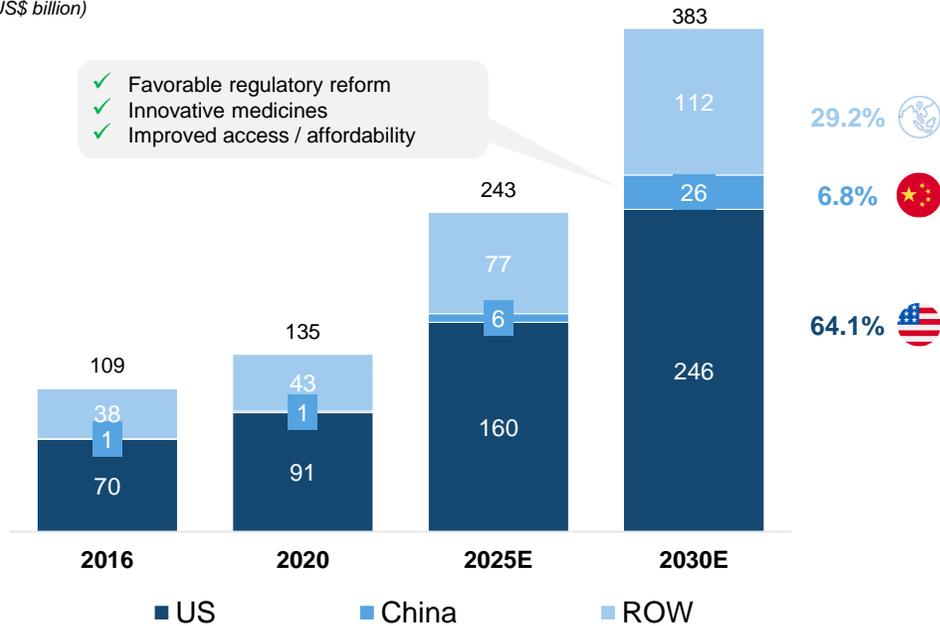


Proven large global rare disease markets. China represents potentially biggest untapped market

Global Rare Disease Drug Market¹ (By Region)

(US\$ billion)

- ✓ Favorable regulatory reform
- ✓ Innovative medicines
- ✓ Improved access / affordability



29.2%

6.8%

64.1%

China's contribution to global rare disease market

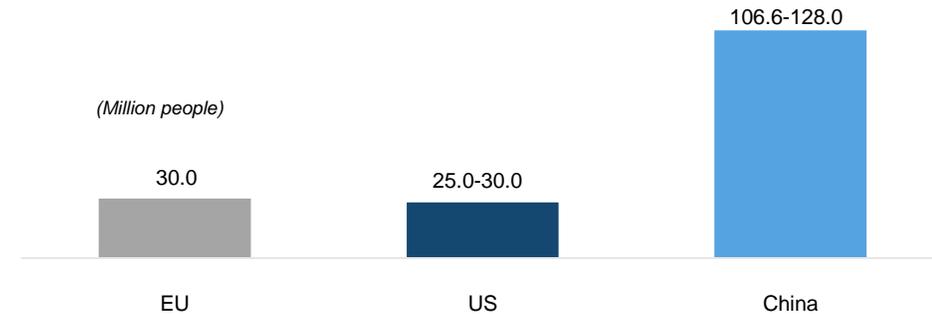
2020 US\$ 1.3 Bn <1%

2030E US\$ 25.9 Bn 6.8%

Rare Disease Prevalence in U.S., EU & China (est.)

China Rare Disease prevalence > 100 million (est.)²

(Million people)



Global Competitors' Strong Rare Disease Drugs Sales

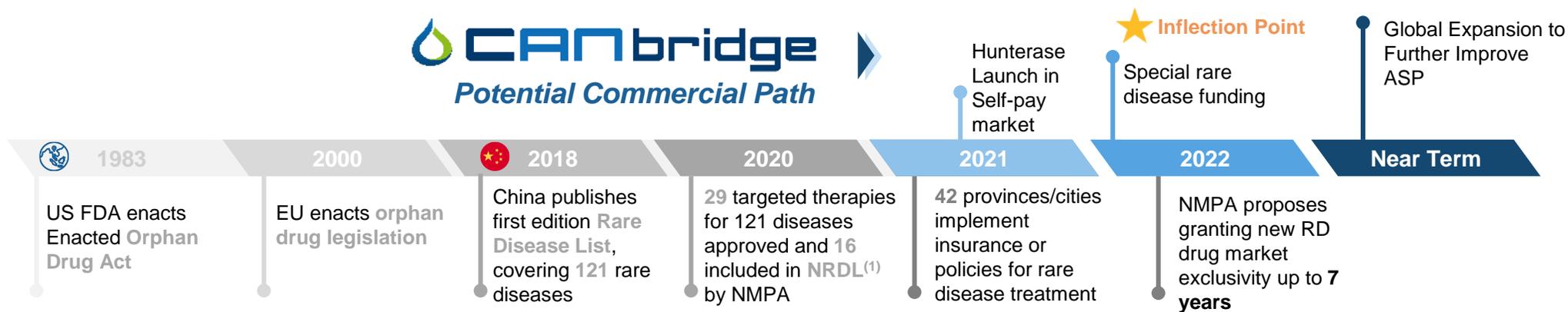


The ten top-selling orphan drugs achieved a combined sales of US \$42.8 billion globally in 2020

Source: Frost & Sullivan Analysis. Notes: 1, Rare disease drugs in this market include drugs indicated for rare disease only and drugs obtaining orphan drug designation first but their indication expanded later of which generated most of their revenue, such as Humira. However, the part of revenue generated by expanded non-orphan indications was not included in this market. 2, It is an appropriately reasonable estimate that China may have a total prevalence base which exceeds 100 million patients suffering from one or more forms of rare diseases, by way of extrapolation adopting the broader definition in the U.S. or Europe.

A Rapidly Evolving Market for Developing Rare Diseases Products

Emerging Favorable Regulatory Framework



Rare Disease Drug Development Incentives

Faster approval timelines:

- Drugs **approvable** under certain conditions **with overseas clinical data**, regardless of approval status in other markets
- Rare disease drugs have **smaller** and **less expensive clinical trials**
- **Expedited regulatory process** with agreed upon trial designs for a **speedy approval**



Financial incentives:

- New China plan to slash the **Value Added Tax (VAT) by 80%** on select disease therapies and active pharmaceutical ingredients



Increased awareness:

- National Network of Rare Diseases (NNRD) and the National Rare Diseases Case Reporting System of China (NRDCRS) were formed in 2019 to better **identify and treat patients** with rare diseases, which **aids clinical trial enrollment and commercialization** in China



Source: Frost & Sullivan Analysis. Notes: 1, NRDL, National Reimbursement Drug List in China; 2, as of December 2020

Our Comprehensive and Diversified Pipeline

A portfolio of biologics, small molecules and gene therapy solutions with validated mechanisms of action, targeting some of the most prevalent rare diseases and rare oncology indications with significant market potential. CANbridge owns global rights for **7** of the **13** drug assets

	Candidate	Mechanism	Discovery	IND-enabling	Ph 1	Ph 2/3	NDA	Marketed	Dev Strategy	Partner	Commercial Rights	
Rare Onc.	CAN008 (Asunercept)	CD95-Fc fusion protein	Glioblastoma Multiforme							In China for China	apogenix	Greater China
	Hunterase® (Idursulfase beta)	ERT IDS	Hunter Syndrome (Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II)								GCPharma	Greater China
Rare Disease	CAN 108 (maralixibat)	IBAT inhibitor	China NDA Filed Alagille Syndrome (US)							In China for China	mirum	Greater China
			Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis									
	CAN 106	Anti-C5 mAb	Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria						In China for Global	WuXi Biologics / Privus	Global	
	CAN 103	ERT GBA	Gaucher Disease							WuXi Biologics	Global	
	CAN 107	Anti-FGF23 mAb	X-linked Hypophosphatemia							WuXi Biologics / Privus	Global	
	CAN 104	ERT GLA	Fabry Disease							WuXi Biologics	Global	
	CAN 105	Anti-Factor IXa/X bsAb	Hemophilia A						In China for China	WuXi Biologics	Greater China	
	CAN 201	AAV sL65 GLA	Fabry Disease						Global for Global	LogicBio	Global	
	CAN 202	AAV sL65 GAA	Pompe Disease							LogicBio	Global	
	Undisclosed	AAV	Spinal Muscular Atrophy							UMass Chan Medical School	Global	
Undisclosed	AAV	Duchenne Syndrome							UW Medicine / Scriptr	Global		
Other Onc.	Caphosol™	Calcium phosphate rinse	Oral Mucositis							EUSA Pharma	China	
	Nerlynx® (Neratinib)	Tyrosine kinase inhibitor	HER2+ Breast Cancer							Pierre Fabre	Hong Kong, Taiwan, Macau	

Clinical trials performed by license partner Biologic Small Molecule Gene Therapy Medical Device

Developing a Gene Therapy Portfolio with Potential Best-in-Class Global Assets

Gene therapy holds the promise to transform treatments for LSDs and neuromuscular diseases from ameliorative to curative

In-licensed Gene Therapy Programs and In-house Tech Platform Pipeline

Candidate	Discovery	IND-Enabling	Clinical	Collaborator
CAN201	Fabry	Exp. 2024		LogicBio THERAPEUTICS
CAN202	Pompe	Exp. 2023		LogicBio THERAPEUTICS
Undisclosed	Spinal Muscular Atrophy			UMass Chan MEDICAL SCHOOL
Undisclosed	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy			UW Medicine UW SCHOOL OF MEDICINE Scriptr

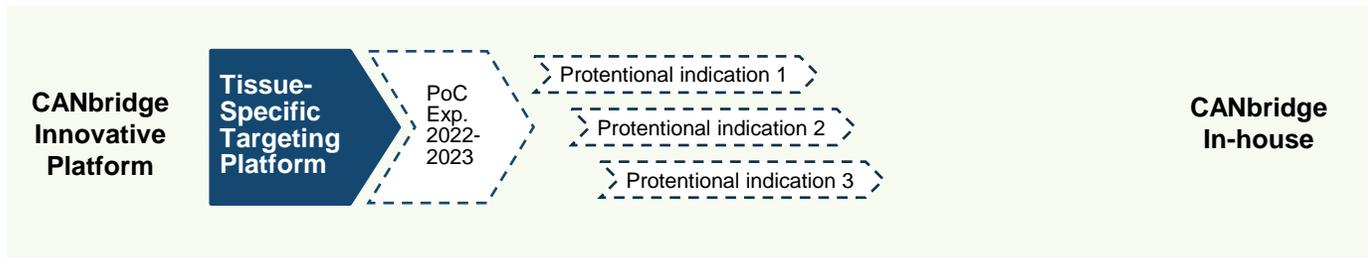


US R&D Center. Burlington, MA

- 24,500 sq. ft. (up to 90 FTEs)
- AAV process lab (up to 50L scale)
- AAV analytical lab
- Research discovery lab
- Opened in 2H 2022

2nd Generation Capsid and Transgene engineering

- **LogicBio:** Novel sAAV capsid (sL65) with improved functional transduction and immunological profile compared to LK03
- **UMass:** CNS and muscle tropic new AAV
- **UW and Scriptr:** Dystrophin with improved function



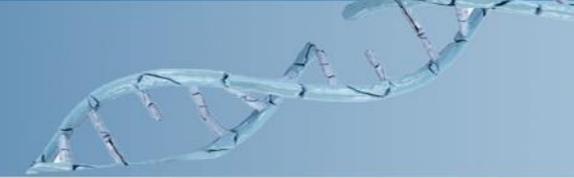
CANbridge Innovative AAV Platform

- Using tissue specific cell surface receptors for targeting
- AAV platform enables future development in multiple CNS/muscle-related diseases
- Patent filing in process

Upcoming milestones

Abbreviations: FTE, full-time equivalents

Pipeline Targets Diseases with Significant Revenue Potential



De-risked global pipeline with multiple programs in therapeutics with clinically validated MoAs

In China
for China



Prevalence
8k
\$ 666
Global Sales



10k
\$ 70*



5k
\$ 24*



50k



55k

In China
for Global



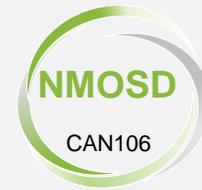
124k



32k



1,290k



171k

Four Indications
\$ 5,362



78k
\$ 1,517



1,789k
\$ 1,972



170k
\$ 1,225



117k
\$ 848



340k
\$ 3,818

Rare disease/ Rare Cancer \$ 2021 Global Sales (US\$ MM) 🌐 🇨🇳 2021 Global / China Prevalence

Abbreviations: GBM – Glioblastoma Multiforme; MPS II – Mucopolysaccharidosis type II; ALGS – Alagille Syndrome; PFIC – Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis; BA – Biliary Atresia; GD – Gaucher Disease; PNH – Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria; aHUS – Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome; gMG – Generalized Myasthenia Gravis; NMOSD – Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorders; XLH – X-linked hypophosphatemia; FD – Fabry Disease; PD – Pompe Disease. Source: Frost & Sullivan and CANbridge Analysis, NCBI research, Endocrine Journal research, World Federation of Hemophilia research Notes: 1. CAN008 currently has no commercialized comparable product. * estimated 2022 sales

Experienced Management Team

Strong global management team with deep industry experience and a track record of commercializing rare disease treatments



- **Veteran entrepreneur with 22+ years** of experience in medical and pharmaceutical companies
- Former Founding General Manager of Genzyme China
- **Deputy Director General at CHARD, Vice Chair of R&D Committee of China Pharmaceutical Innovation and Research Development Association**

Dr. James Qun Xue
 Founder, Chairman of the Board, Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer





- **21 years** of biotechnology executive management experience
- Former CMO at Editas Medicine and VP at Genzyme
- Made major contributions to 4 INDs and 3 orphan drug marketing authorizations for serious and life-threatening diseases that have **generated US\$ 3.0+ billion revenue for Genzyme**

Dr. Gerald Cox
 Chief Development Strategist, Interim Chief Medical Officer





- **15+ years** of extensive banking, investment, and strategy consulting experience in the healthcare sector globally
- Former Director of Healthcare Investment Banking at China Renaissance
- **Veteran public market healthcare investor** at leading firms, including Citadel and Fidelity Management

Glenn Hassan
 Chief Financial Officer





- **~20 years** of business leadership experience in the biotechnology industry with **in-depth industry knowledge and extensive execution capabilities**
- Previous employment at leading biopharmaceutical companies such as Bioverativ, Ultragenyx, Synageva Biopharma and Genzyme

Marcelo Cheresky
 Chief Commercial Officer





- Seasoned business executive with extensive experience and outstanding performance in **oncology and rare disease areas**
- Former Head of Hemophilia and Rare Disease at Takeda China, with a track record of leading the launch and development of rare disease products

Yijun Lu
 General Manager of CANbridge China





Chris Chen
 Vice President of Human Resources



Pauline Li
 Senior Vice President of Clinical Development and Operations



Bettie Li
 Senior Director & Head of Finance Operation and Controller



Qian Ma
 Head of Legal and Compliance, Joint Company Secretaries and Board Secretary



Stella Mao
 Senior Director, Public Affairs



Shirley Yue
 Senior Director, Procurement and Supply Chain



Rebecca Zhang
 Senior Vice President of Regulatory Affairs



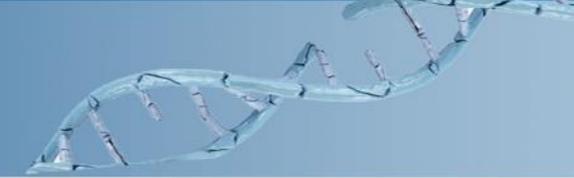
Wei Zhang
 Senior Director & China Head of CMC Department



02

Pipeline Update

Highlights for Ongoing Clinical Programs in China



<p>Alagille Syndrome</p>  <p><u>10,000 Patients</u> \$ > 100 M*</p>	<p>Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis</p>  <p><u>5,000 Patients</u> \$ > 50 M*</p>	<p>Biliary Atresia</p>  <p><u>50,000 Patients</u> \$ > 250 M*</p>	<p>Glioblastoma</p>  <p><u>55,000 Patients</u> \$ > 500 M*</p>	<p>Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria</p>  <p><u>24,000 Patients</u> \$ > 250 M*</p>	<p>Gaucher Disease</p>  <p><u>3,000 Patients</u> \$ > 50 M*</p>
					
<p>NDA Filed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anticipated CN approval and commercial launch in 2023 Initiated patient community and education projects EAP ongoing in Hainan 	<p>Phase 3 Completed[^]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Established registration strategy in mainland China, HK and TW 	<p>Phase 2 Ongoing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A higher prevalence observed in Asian than Caucasian infants 	<p>Phase 2 Ongoing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Devastating disease with OS less than 2 years No targeted therapy approved yet Studied in newly diagnosed patients 	<p>Phase 1/2 Ongoing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patients have no access to complement therapy in China 	<p>Phase 1/2 Ongoing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CAN103 targets the root cause of the disease

Source: Frost & Sullivan Analysis. * potential commercial opportunity in China, based on CANbridge estimates (million USD). ^ Phase 3 global study is carried out by partner Mirum

Hunterase® – The Only ERT Approved for MPS II Launched in China

Identification of new patients accelerates and commercial insurance coverage expands

Overview of MPS II



MPS II is a **rare, disabling** and **life-threatening** genetic disease



In **East Asian** countries, MPS II is the most common form of MPS disorders



Chinese government has included MPS II on the “**National Rare Disease List**” as a disease group to target



Life expectancy of patients with severe MPS II (**60%-80%** of cases) is significantly reduced



Death occurs generally before the age of **25**

Hunterase Commercial Updates



MPS II Patient Identification



Reimbursement Campaign

Total **539** identified patients

- **135** patients newly identified in 1H 2022;
- **195** identified in 2021 since launch in May 2021
- **209** registered by patient group

- **5** provinces and **42** cities, Hunterase covered by commercial insurance
- **64%** of Hunterase treated patients are covered by commercial insurance



CAN108 – IBAT Inhibitor for Rare Cholestatic Liver Diseases

A novel, oral, minimally-absorbed agent designed to selectively inhibit IBAT in the ileum and treat rare cholestatic liver diseases, including ALGS, PFIC and BA

CAN108 Highlights

Obtained an **exclusive license** to develop, manufacture and commercialize Livmarli (maralixibat) in Greater China from Mirum



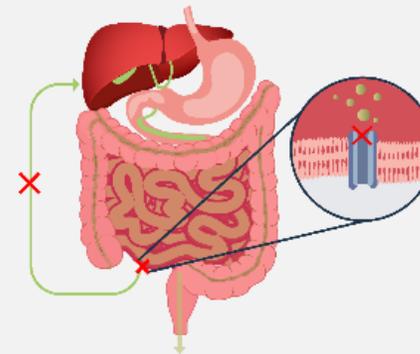
Approved to treat cholestatic pruritus in patients with **Alagille syndrome (ALGS)** who are aged 1 year or older in the U.S. in September 2021

Currently no approved product in China for **ALGS, PFIC or BA** (post-Kasai)

Extensive safety dataset; evaluated in **1,600+** human subjects and studied in completed and ongoing clinical trials for ALGS and PFIC with **120+** children

Potential **to improve long-term outcomes** liver transplant

Mechanism of Action



- 1 IBAT is primarily responsible for recycling bile acids from the intestine ileum back to the liver
- 2 Elevated bile acids damage the liver and lead to cholestatic liver disease
- 3 CAN108 is designed to inhibit IBAT in the ileum and result in more bile acids being excreted in the feces, leading to lower levels of bile acids systemically, thereby reducing bile acid mediated effects and liver damage

Disease Overview

Alagille Syndrome (ALGS): a rare genetic disorder that can affect multiple organ systems of the body, including the liver, heart, skeleton, eyes and kidneys. No procedure to cure ALGS completely

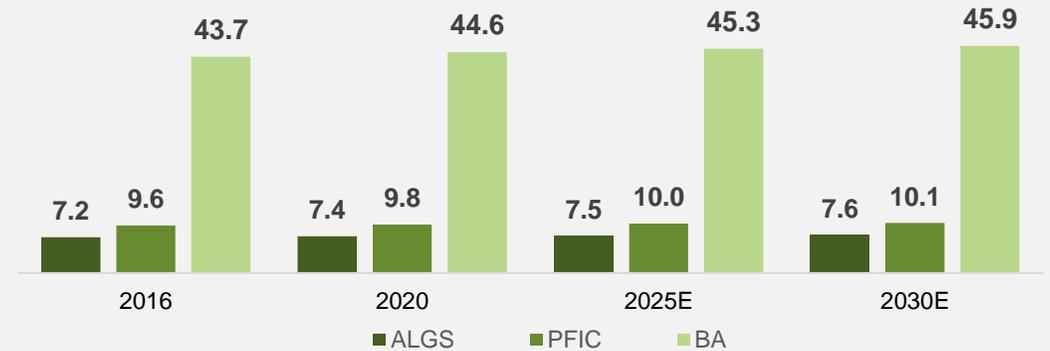
Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis (PFIC): a rare genetic liver disorder in which liver cells don't release bile properly, causing bile accumulation in the cells. Surgical treatment includes external or internal biliary diversions

Biliary Atresia (BA): a rare disease of the liver and bile ducts that occurs in infants. Currently no cure for BA available. Treatments include liver transplant and Kasai procedure

Epidemiology

Disease Prevalence in China

Unit: Thousand

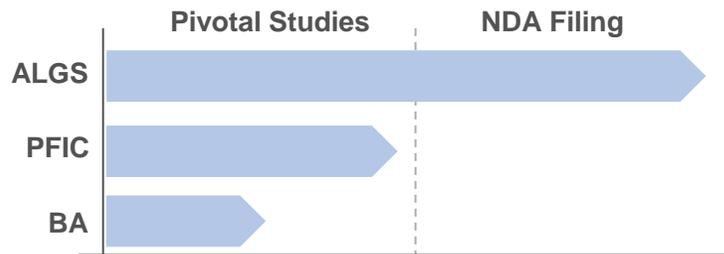


Source: Frost & Sullivan Analysis. Abbreviations: IBAT, ileal sodium-dependent bile acid transporter

CAN108 – Clinical Development Plan

Large and robust safety dataset provides strong support for further studies in PFIC and BA

CAN108 Development Status in China



ALGS

- ✓ NDA filed in mainland China and Taiwan
- ✓ EAP programs in mainland China and Hong Kong

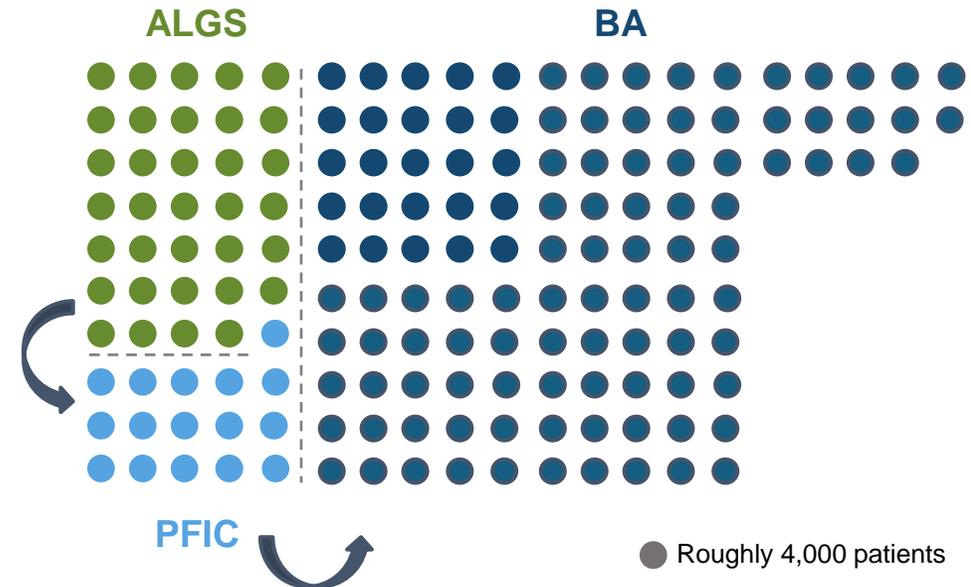
PFIC

- ✓ To file China NDA after Mirum filing, potentially in early 2023
- ✓ Mirum announced positive topline phase 3 Data in Oct 2022

BA

- ✓ First patient dosed in Ph 2 China trial

>70,000 patients with ALGS, PFIC, and BA in China



Growth Opportunities:

- Anticipated commercial launch for ALGS in 2023 and PFIC in 2024

CAN106 – Phase 1 SAD Topline Results

Complete blockade of complement function encourages further studies in patients with PNH

SAD Topline Results

Safety

- CAN106 was safe and well-tolerated with no drug-related serious adverse events (SAEs)

Pharmacokinetics

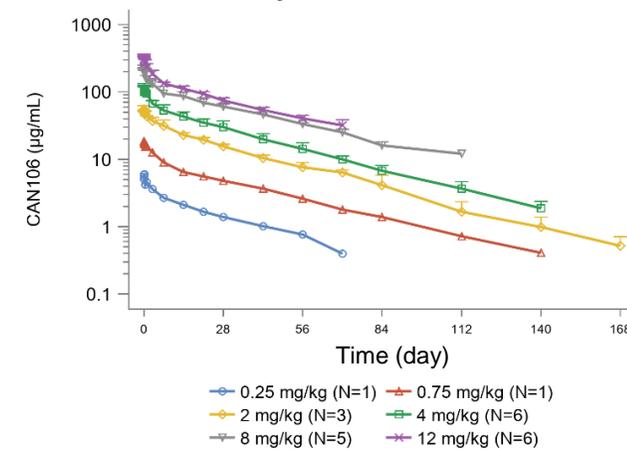
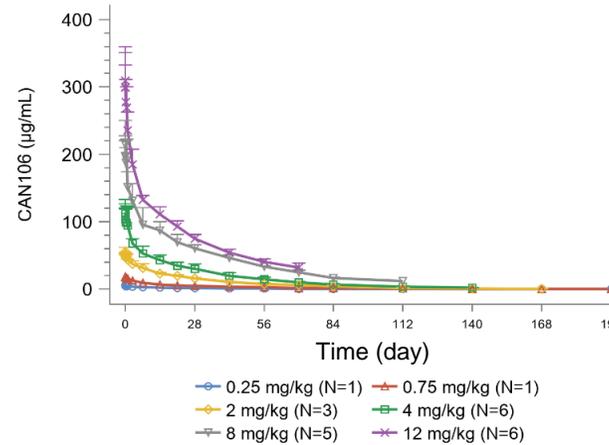
- CAN106 exposure (C_{max} and AUC) was linear, dose-proportional, and had low inter-subject variability (<20% CV) with a half-life of 31 days

Pharmacodynamics

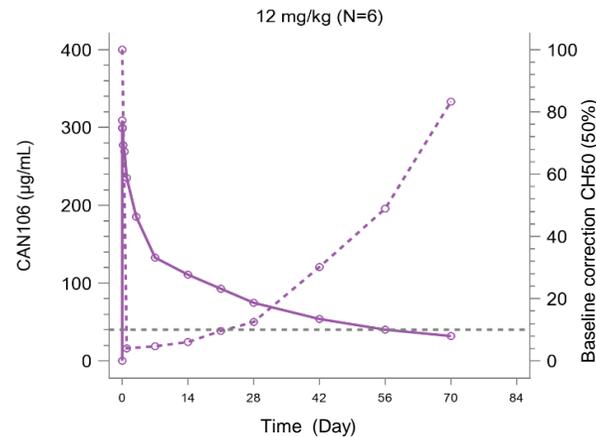
- CAN106 led to rapid and dose-dependent reductions in free C5 (target) and CH50 (serum hemolytic activity)
- Clinically relevant reduction in free C5 >99% and inhibition of CH50 >90% were achieved at the 8 and 12 mg/kg doses
- Complete complement blockade (CH50 >90% inhibition) was sustained for 2-4 weeks

Study population 31 Healthy subjects
Primary endpoint Safety and tolerability
Secondary endpoint PK/PD (free C5 and CH50), Immunogenicity

Mean concentration-time curves of CAN106 by cohort

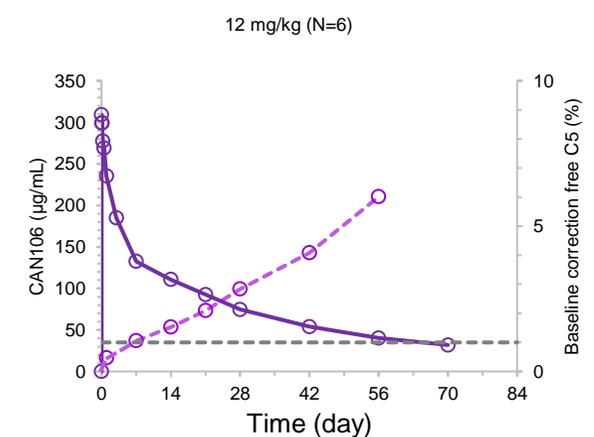


N (%) CH50 >90% reduction from baseline



Note: Baseline correction CH50 (%) = post-dose CH50 / baseline CH50

Subjects with free C5 reduction >99% from baseline



Note: Baseline correction free C5 (%) = post-dose free C5 / baseline free C5

CAN106 Phase 1b/2 Design for PNH in China

Phase 1b/2 Open-label, Multiple Ascending Dose Study to Evaluate CAN106 in Complement Inhibitor Treatment-Naive Patients with PNH

Study population

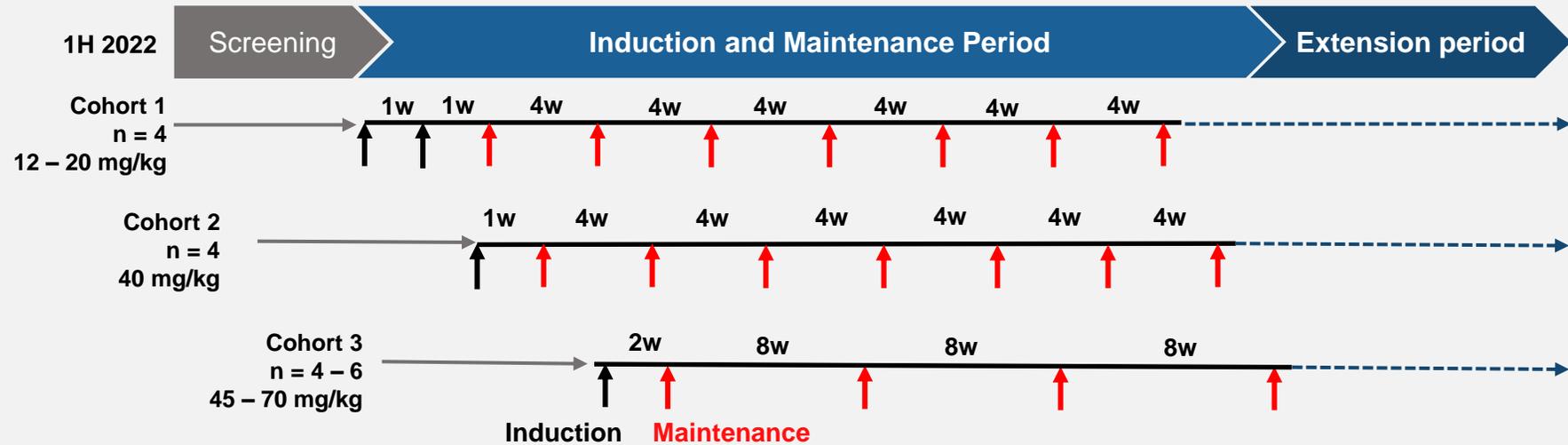
- Complement inhibitor treatment-naive patients with PNH

Primary endpoint

- Safety
- PK/PD

Region

- China



PNH

- Phase 1b FPD in March, Interim data analysis of Cohort 1&2 in 2H 2022
- Preparation of Phase 2 study will be initiated in 1H 2023 with patient enrollment in 2H 2023.
- Potential approval by China CDE in 2025

Other Indications

- Preparation of other programs will be initiated in 2H 2023
- Indications under considerations include: gMG, NMOSD, aHUS, etc.

CAN106 – Long-acting Anti-C5 Therapy for Complement Disorders

Board will offer guidance on the CAN106 clinical development program, as well as explore the potential for CAN106 in other indications



**Anthony Amato,
MD**

- Brigham and Women's Hospital Distinguished Chair in Neurology
- Chief of the Neuromuscular Division and Director of the Clinical Neurophysiology Laboratory at Brigham and Women's Hospital
- Professor of Neurology at Harvard Medical School

Neuromuscular Disorders



**Robert Colvin,
MD**

- Pathologist-in-Chief, Emeritus at Massachusetts General Hospital
- The Benjamin Castleman Distinguished Professor of Pathology at Harvard Medical School

Immunopathology of Kidney Disease and Organ Transplant Rejection



**Gerald Cox, MD,
PhD**

- Chief Development Strategist & Interim Chief Medical Officer
- Clinical geneticist and pediatrician at Boston Children's Hospital
- Former Chief Medical Officer at Editas Medicine
- Vice President, Rare Disease Clinical Development at Sanofi

Rare Disease Drug Development



Jean Francis, MD

- Medical Director of Kidney Transplant Program at Boston Medical Center and Boston Univ Sch of Med
- Medical Director of Combined Pancreas Transplant Program at Boston Medical Center and Brigham and Women's Hospital
- Associate Professor of Medicine at Boston Univ Sch of Med

Organ Transplant, PNH, Thrombotic Microangiopathy



**Richard Polisson,
MD, MHSc**

- Clinical Development Consultant
- Former CMO at Artax Biopharma
- Senior VP and Head of Transl Med at Sanofi-Genzyme R&D Center
- Clin Dir of Arthritis Unit and Chair of Mallinckrodt Clin Res Unit Scientific Adv Comm at Massachusetts General Hospital
- Associate Professor of Medicine at Harvard Medical School

Rare Disease Drug Development, Rheumatologic Diseases



**Sushrut Waikar,
MD, MPH**

- Chief of Nephrology at Boston Medical Center
- Norman G. Levinsky Professor of Medicine at Boston University School of Medicine
- Former Constantine L. Hampers, MD Distinguished Chair in Renal Medicine at Brigham and Women's Hospital

Renal Diseases, Non-invasive Biomarkers of Renal Injury and Fibrosis



**Brian Weinschenker,
MD**

- Professor of Neurology at University of Virginia
- Former Professor of Neurology at Mayo Clinic

NMOSD and Other CNS Demyelinating Diseases

CAN008 – CD95-Fc Fusion Protein for Glioblastoma Multiforme (GBM)

CAN008 is in clinical development as a first-line therapy for GBM in China

CAN008 Highlights

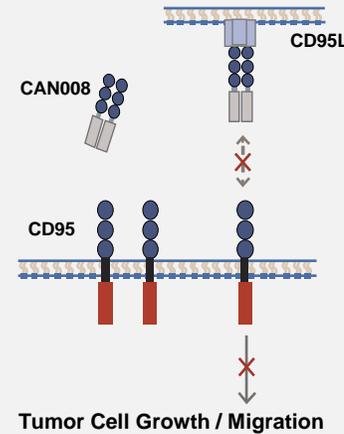
Obtained **exclusive rights** to **develop, manufacture and commercialize** CAN008 (APG101/asunercept) in Greater China from Apogenix 

Fully human fusion protein that consists of extracellular domain of the CD95 receptor and the Fc domain of an IgG antibody

In a randomized, controlled Phase 2 study in recurrent GBM conducted by Apogenix, CAN008 showed statistically significant improvement in PFS and quality of life as well as a positive trend in OS

Currently in Phase 2/3 study in **newly diagnosed GBM** in China

Mechanism of Action



- 1 CD95L binds to its receptor, CD95, on the cell surface and induces the oligomerization of CD95, which triggers an intracellular signaling cascade that stimulates tumor cell growth and migration
 - 2 CAN008 acts as a soluble receptor that specifically binds to CD95L and blocks the endogenous CD95 / CD95L signaling pathway in tumor cells.
 - 3 CAN008 also blocks CD95 / CD95L engagement on T cells, which prevents T cell apoptosis and restores immune function
- As the oligomerization of CD95 is blocked and signal transduction is inhibited, the growth and migration of tumor cells are suppressed

GBM Overview

A rare oncologic disease with **lower incidence** than other cancer types

Median age of diagnosis is 64 years, and it is slightly more common (1.59 times) in men as compared to women

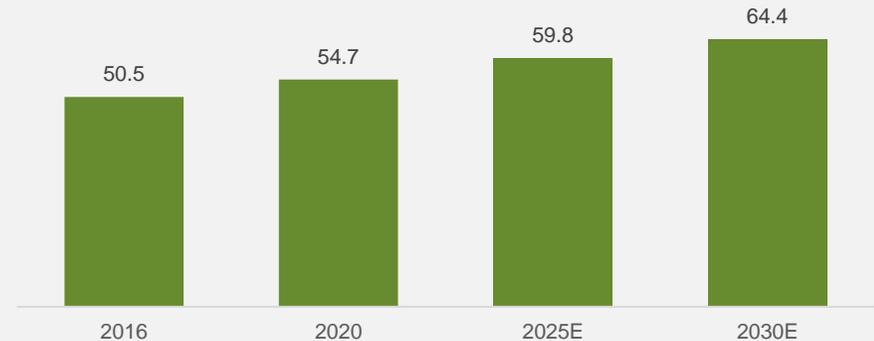
The **most common and malignant** type of glioma in adults. About 45% of gliomas are glioblastoma multiforme

Estimated **5-year survival of 5.5%** globally and below 5% in China

Treatment options: surgical resection, adjuvant chemotherapy with TMZ¹, tumor treating field (TTF), bevacizumab (Avastin)

Epidemiology

Annual Incidence of GBM in China
Unit: Thousand



Source: Frost & Sullivan Analysis. Notes: GBM, glioblastoma multiforme; TMZ, temozolomide

CAN008 – Phase 1 Data and Phase 2 Design

Encouraging Phase 1 Data in newly diagnosed GBM¹

Safety

- No specific safety issues when CAN008 (200 or 400 mg) was combined with RT and TMZ.
- Two patients in Cohort 2 experienced serious adverse events (SAEs) not related to CAN008. Both patients recovered.
- No subjects discontinued due to treatment-emergent adverse events.
- No patients experienced dose-limiting toxicity (DLT).
- Maximum administered dose of 400 mg IV once weekly recommended as the RP2D.

Efficacy

PFS rates	Cohort 1 (200 mg; n=3)	Cohort 2 (400 mg; n=7)
PFS-3 months	33.33%	71.42%
PFS-6 months	33.33%	57.14%
PFS-9 months	0% (all progressed)	57.14%
PFS-12 months	-	57.14%
Median PFS	2.37 months	N/A ⁽¹⁾

Phase 2/3 Multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study



Study population

- Newly diagnosed GBM

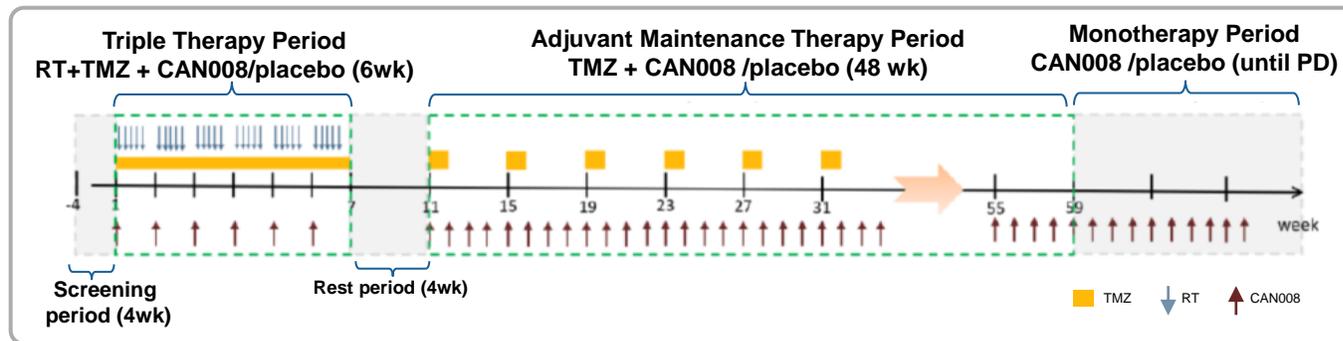
Primary endpoint

- Progression-free survival (PFS)

Interim Readout

- Progression of 37 cases

To complete patient enrollment by 2H 2022



Source: 1, Wei K-C et al, Sci Rep 2021;11:24067

CAN103 First Patient Dosed in Phase 1/2 Trial

Multi-center Phase 1/2 trial consists of two parts and will recruit in total 40 adolescent and adult patients in China

CAN103



An ERT for **Gaucher Disease (GD)** developed in China



The **first** rare disease asset acquired from WuXi Biologics, hold **global proprietary rights** to develop and commercialize

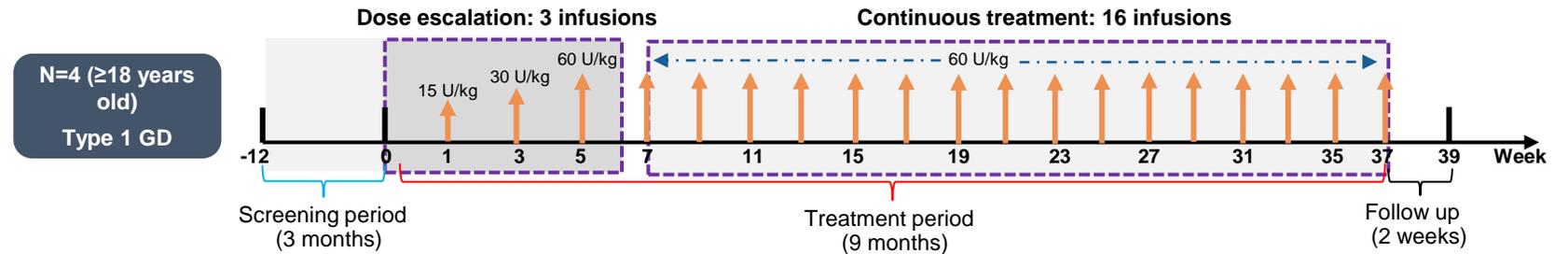


One of the best known and prototypical rare diseases in China, approximately **3,000** patients in 2020

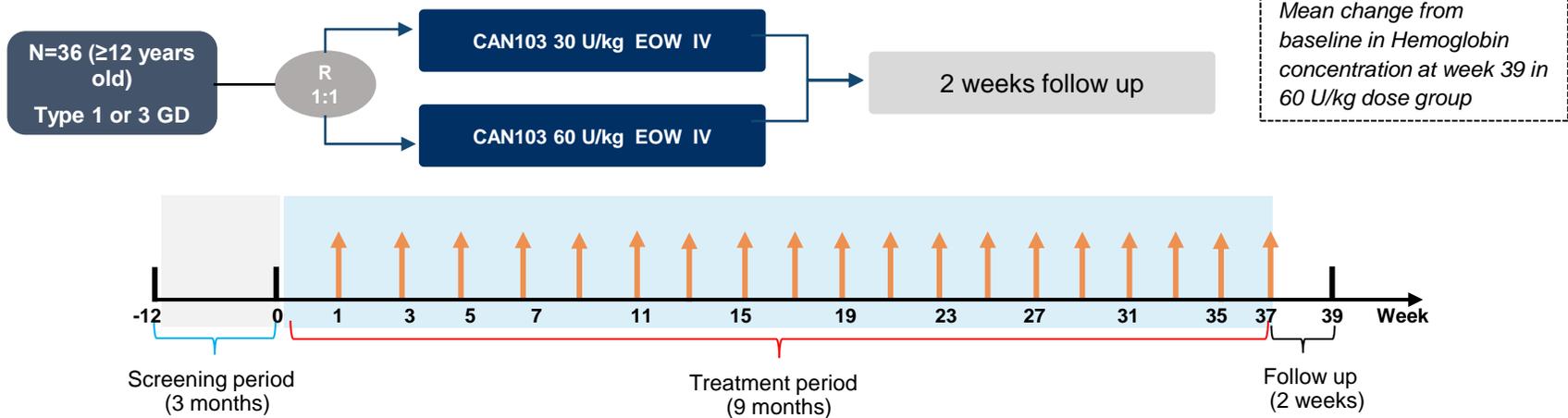


First patient dosed in July 2022

Part A: Open-label, Within-subject, Dose escalation Phase 1 study



Part B: Randomized, Double-blind, Parallel-group, Dose comparison Phase 2 study



Abbreviation: GD, Gaucher Disease; EOW, every other week; IV, injection of vein; CAN103 is administrated intravenously every other week.

↑ One infusion; Note: all patients will enroll a long-term study after the Ph.1/2 trial

Three-Pronged Gene Therapy Research Strategy

In-house gene therapy research to build AAV platform for specific tissue targeting; accelerate development of cutting-edge gene therapy technology by partnering with industry innovators and working with academic experts

In-house Research

-  Developing full-fledged gene therapy platform with AAV process development lab and pilot plants in Greater Boston area
-  Targeting different tissue types, incl. central nervous system and muscle
-  AAV process development lab expected to open in 2022



Close Partnership with LogicBio and Scriptr

-  Using AAV sL65 capsid vector licensed in from LogicBio to develop two gene therapy products for the treatment of Fabry disease and Pompe disease and technology from Scriptr to develop treatment for DMD
-  Options to develop two additional indications using the same vector and a clinical-stage gene editing program for the treatment of methylmalonic acidemia from LogicBio



Strategic Collaboration with Leading Research Institutions

-  Initiated research programs with the Horae Gene Therapy Center at the UMass and UW to develop gene therapy solutions for neuromuscular disorders
-  Have the exclusive option to license-in the UMass asset for development
-  Potentially among the first China-based companies to commence global-level collaboration in AAV gene therapy



CANbridge Innovative AAV Platform

Features

- Liver de-targeted AAV to avoid peripheral sinkers
- No impact on productivity
- One AAV "fits all"
- Reprogrammable for single or multi-tissue delivery
- NAb evasion – accessible to all patients
- Simplify manufacturing process development

Fixed AAV capsid allow us to:

- Use the best AAV manufacturing platform
- Save cost on development
- Use single manufacturing process
- Same analytical assays
- Reduce COGs = improved affordability and patient access
- Increase speed to market

LogicBio Pre-Clinical Data¹

-  **Highly efficient** functional transduction of human hepatocytes.
-  **Improved** manufacturability
-  **More resistance to pre-existing neutralizing antibodies** in human serum samples

Collaboration with Gene Therapy Experts

Dr. Guangping Gao

- Strategic advisory board member for gene therapy collaboration with UMass
- Has authored **250+** research papers and holds **131** patents and **221** pending applications
- Co-founder of **Voyager Therapeutics** and **Aspa Therapeutics**

Dr. Jeffrey Chamberlain

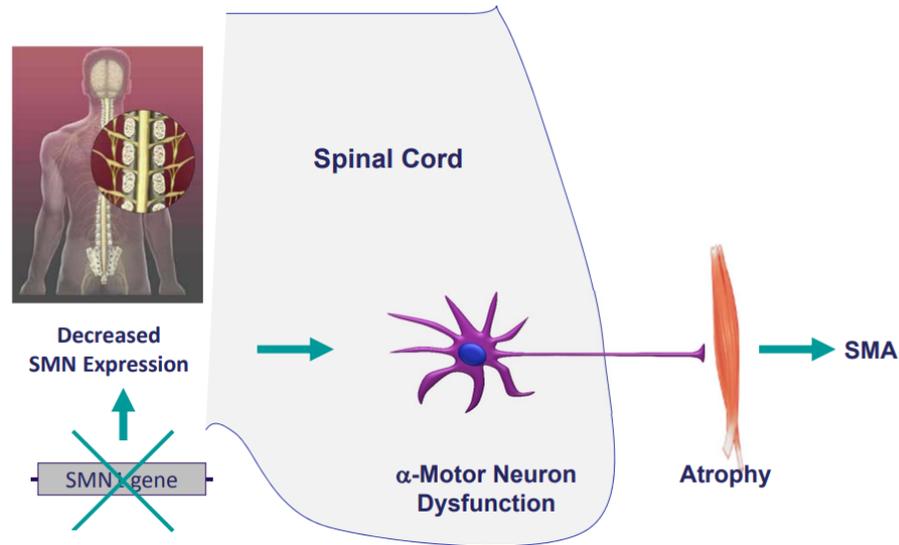
- The McCow Endowed Chair in Muscular Dystrophy, UW, School of Medicine; Council Member, American Association for the Advancement of Science; VP of ASGCT
- Has authored **110+** research papers (GT and DMD)
- Scientific advisory board of **Solid Biosciences**

Notes: 1, Presented at the American Society of Gene & Cell Therapy Conference in May 2020

UMass Collaboration: Gene Therapy for Spinal Muscular Atrophy

The first and only gene therapy approved for SMA expected to hit peak global sales of \$3 billion¹

Pathophysiology Illustration²



- SMA is characterized by dysfunction of α -motor neurons
- α -motor neurons that under healthy conditions innervate skeletal muscles and are responsible for muscle contraction
- In SMA patients, defects in SMN1 gene result in decreased SMN protein expression
- Decreased SMN expression leads to dysfunction/loss of α -motor neurons
- Dysfunction/loss of α -motor neurons leads to muscle atrophy and weakness

Epidemiology²

- Autosomal recessive genetic inheritance
- 1 in 50 people are carriers
- 1 in 6,000 to 1 in 10,000 children born with SMA
- One of the most common rare diseases
- Affects all racial and ethnic groups

Approved Targeted Therapies

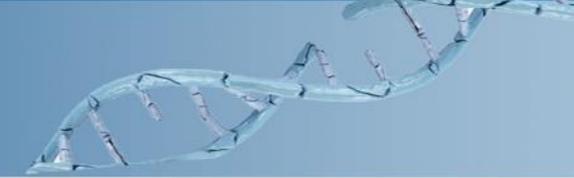
- Gene therapy (e.g., Novartis's Zolgensma[®])
- Correct splicing (e.g., Biogen's Spinraza[®] and Roche's Evrysdi[®])

Unmet Need

- In older SMA population for which the first-generation gene therapy Zolgensma is not indicated
- Black box warning of serious liver injury associated with Zolgensma
- Access limitation due to high price

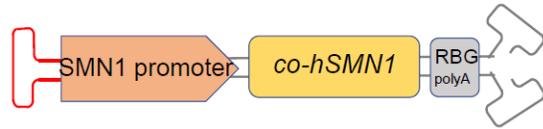
Source: 1, Cowen equity research. 2, Adapted from SMA foundation

CANbridge-UMass SMA Program Presented at 2022 ASGCT



Head-to-head comparison with our 2nd gen vector and a benchmark vector, whose design is similar to the one used in Zolgensma[®], demonstrated therapeutic advantages over the benchmark vector

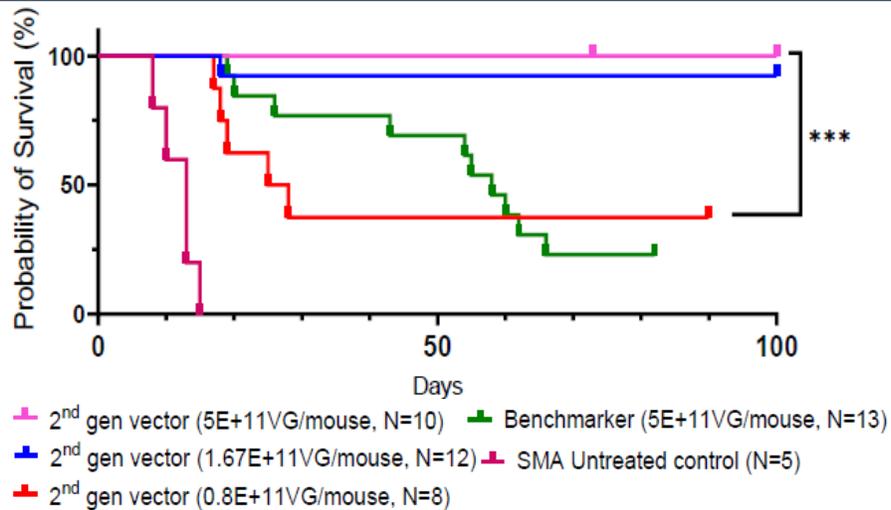
2nd Gen Vector: Endogenous SMN1 promoter isolated and inserted upstream of the codon-optimized hSMN1



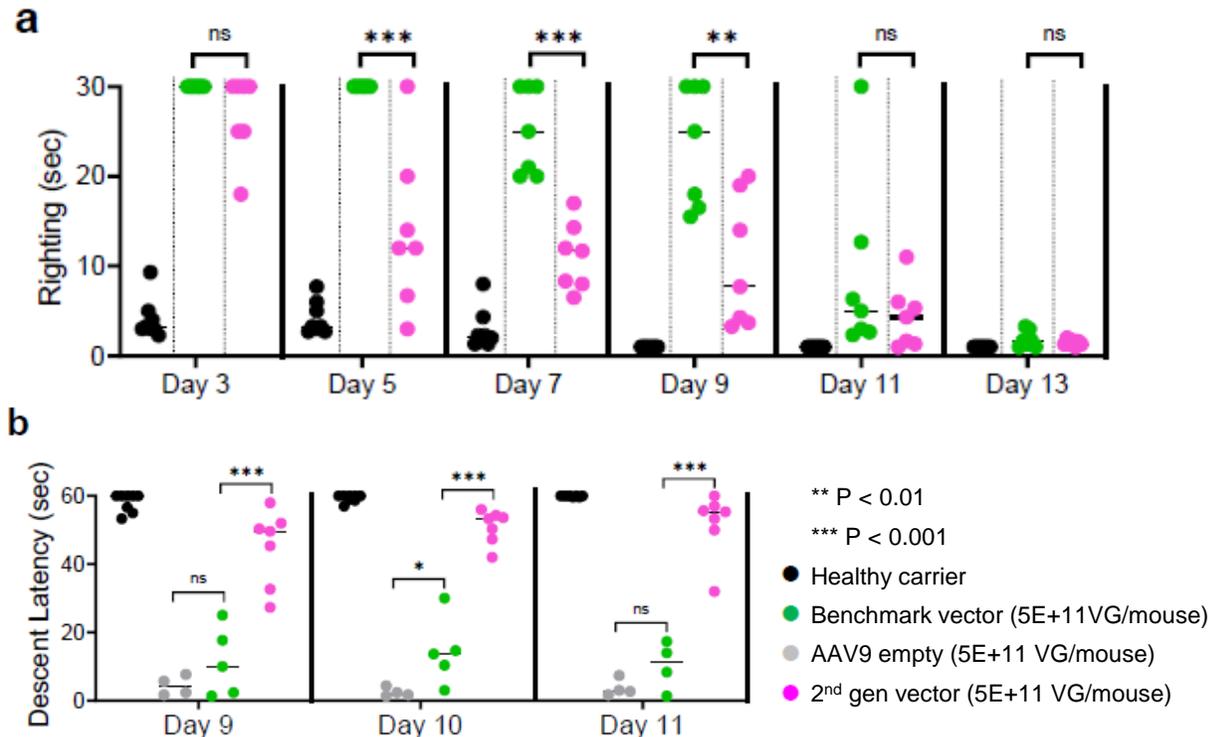
pAAVsc-SMNp-co-hSMN1 (2nd gen vector)

2nd gene vector conferred significantly better restoration of muscle function the benchmark vector in SMA mice

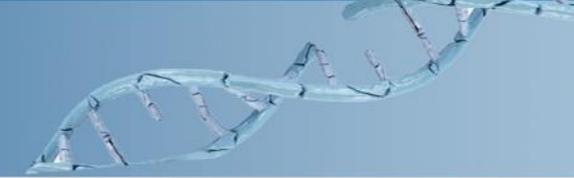
Survival curve of vector-treated mice



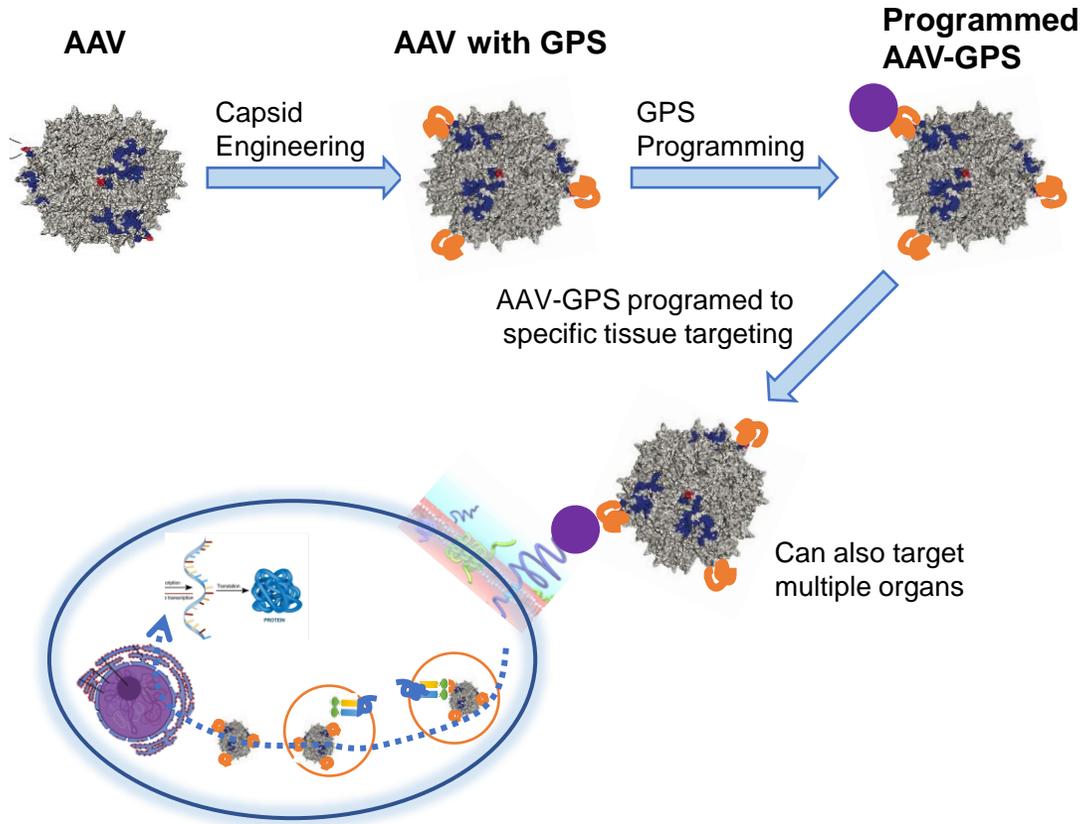
In vivo data 2nd gen vector demonstrate advantages in extension of life span, elimination of liver toxicity, and improved restoration of muscle function



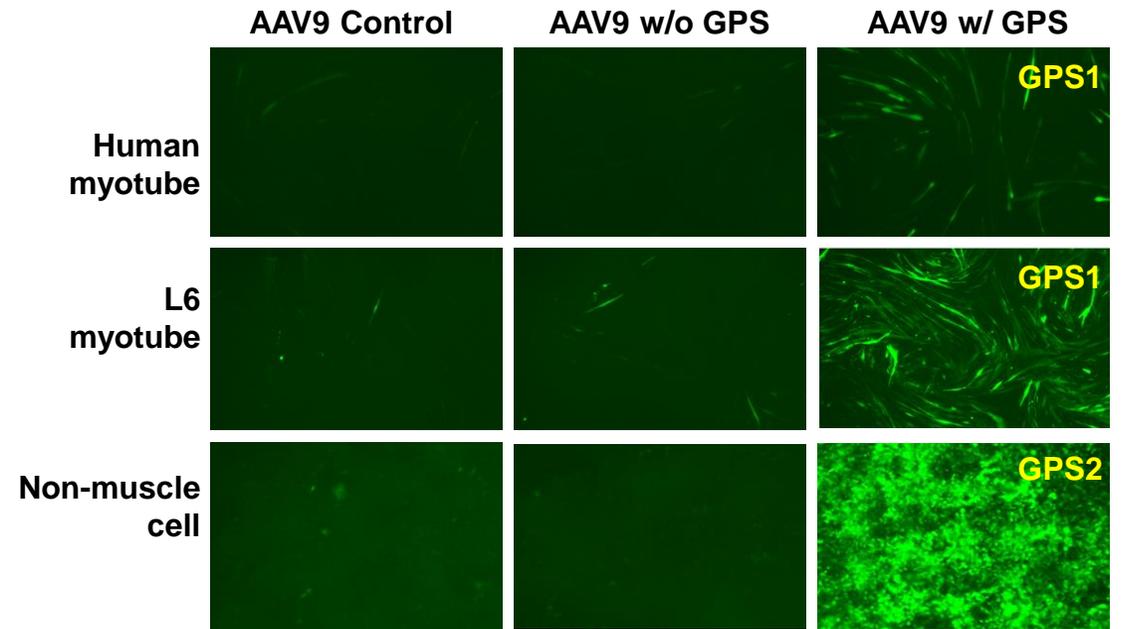
CANbridge Innovative AAV Platform: AAV-GPS



CANbridge AAV-GPS Tissue Specific Delivery Platform



PoC of AAV-GPS *in vitro* in Myotubes and Non-Muscle Cells



Additional Data

- AAV-GPS demonstrated superior transduction to AAV9, with similar transduction to MyoAAV*
- IVIG inhibited transduction of myotubes by AAV9 and MyoAAV, but not by AAV-GPS

Note: Tabebordbar M et al, Cell 2021

Comparison of CANbridge AAV-GPS with Other Novel Capsid Approaches

Natural Cap Discovery

Pros

- 100s identified
- Nature made from evolution

Cons

- Serendipitous
- Broad tissue tropism
- NAb/CTLs
- Unknown species translatability

Rational Design

- Based on understanding of receptor biology
- More predictable species translatability
- May alter NAb

- Lack of full understanding of receptor biology
- Hard to engineer into AAV

Directed Evolution

- High throughput
- Inclusive of all possible combinations nature can't do

- Time consuming on panning Unknown species translatability
- Costly validation on transability and manufacturability
- **Different tissues may need different AAVs**

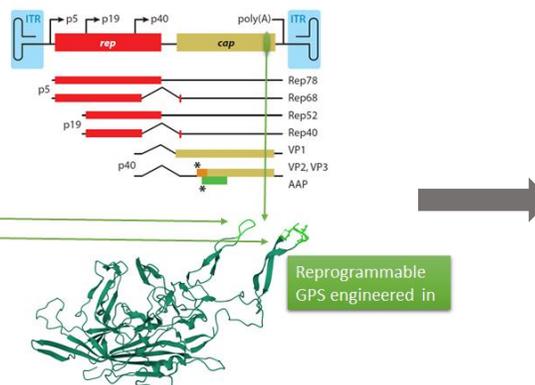
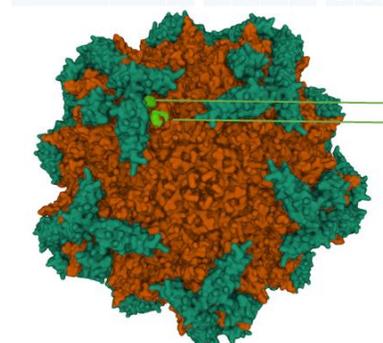
In-Silico Design

- As for Directed evolution
- Powerful AI learning capsid biology to guide rational library design

- As for Directed evolution
- **Different tissues may need different AAVs**

```

441      451      461      471      481      491
MNFLIDQLYLYLRSINTPS...SELQFSQAGASDIRIQSRNWLPGPCYRQQRVSRKTSADNNN
071      081      091      101      111      121
RTINFVAIEQYGVSVSNL...KATAADVNTIQVLFQVFNWQDRVYLLQGFIAKLEIDGHEFR
701      711      721
IQYTSNYSKSVNVDFTVDINGVYSEFRPIGTRYLIRNL
    
```



CANbridge AAV-GPS

- Small GPS size to avoid impact on CMC developability
- Liver de-targeted AAV to avoid peripheral sinkers
- One AAV fits all, only need to replace the "GOI"
- Simplify manufacturing process development with one AAV
- Programmable GPS for a specific tissue or tissues
 - Single or multi-tissue delivery capability
- Bypass NAb → increases the number of patients eligible to AAV gene therapy
- Two targets on the same tissue can be used by two different GPS to further avoid NAb for repeated dosing

Developing Gene Therapies to Treat LSDs

Gene therapy holds the promise to transform treatments for LSDs such as Fabry disease / Pompe disease from chronic to curative

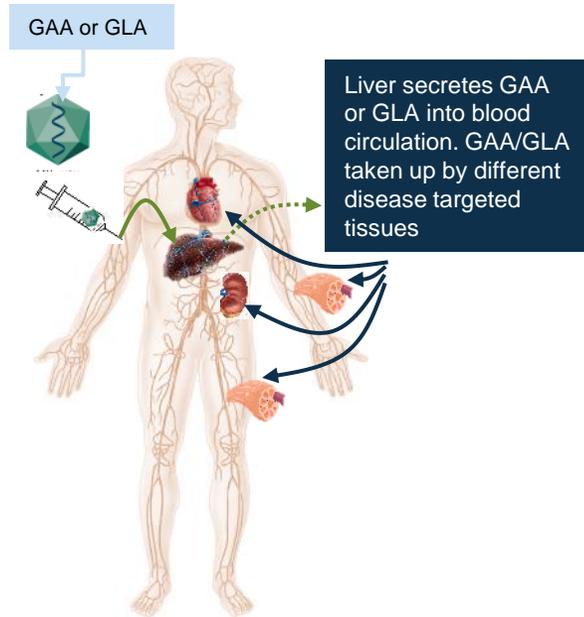
Application to Lysosomal Storage Diseases (LSDs)



LSDs are a group of over **70 diseases** that are characterized by lysosomal dysfunction, most of which are inherited as autosomal recessive traits, including Gaucher disease, Fabry disease and Pompe disease



Clinical trials are in progress on possible treatments for some of these diseases, but there is currently **no approved treatment** for many LSDs



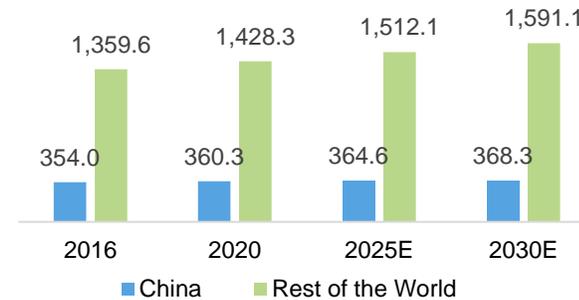
Introduction

Prevalence (in Thousand)

Treatment Approaches

CAN201 - Fabry disease (FD)

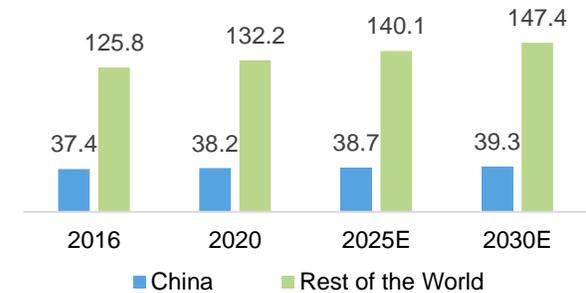
One of the most common LSDs, usually starts in childhood



Symptomatic Treatment	ERT
Substrate reduction therapy	Chaperone therapy

CAN202 - Pompe disease (PD)

One of the most common LSDs, onset of symptoms from childhood to adulthood



Symptomatic treatment	ERT
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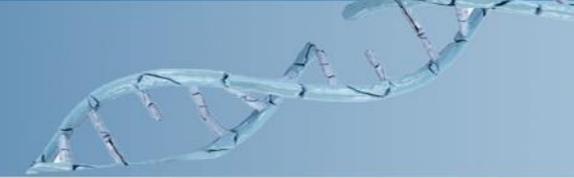
Gene therapy is considered an innovative and promising treatment and is currently at clinical stages



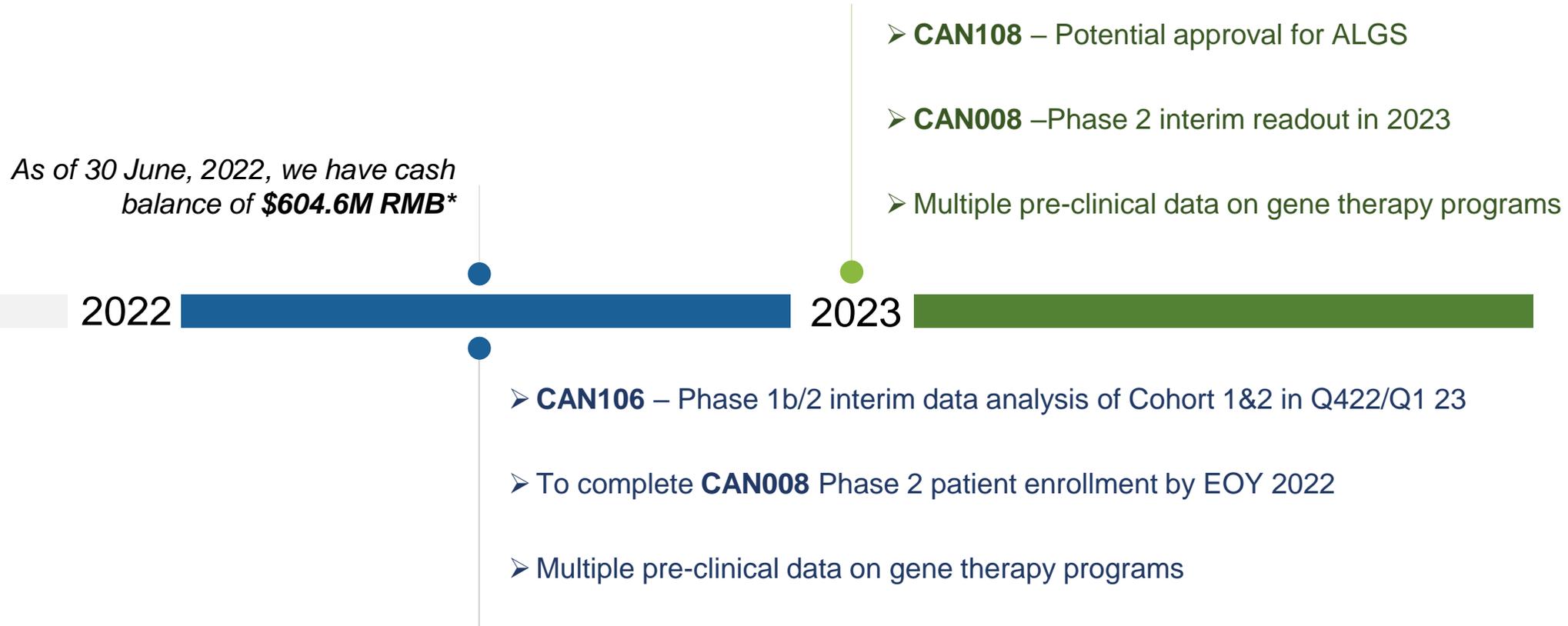
03

Outlook

Upcoming Key Milestones



We expect in 2H 2022 and 2023:



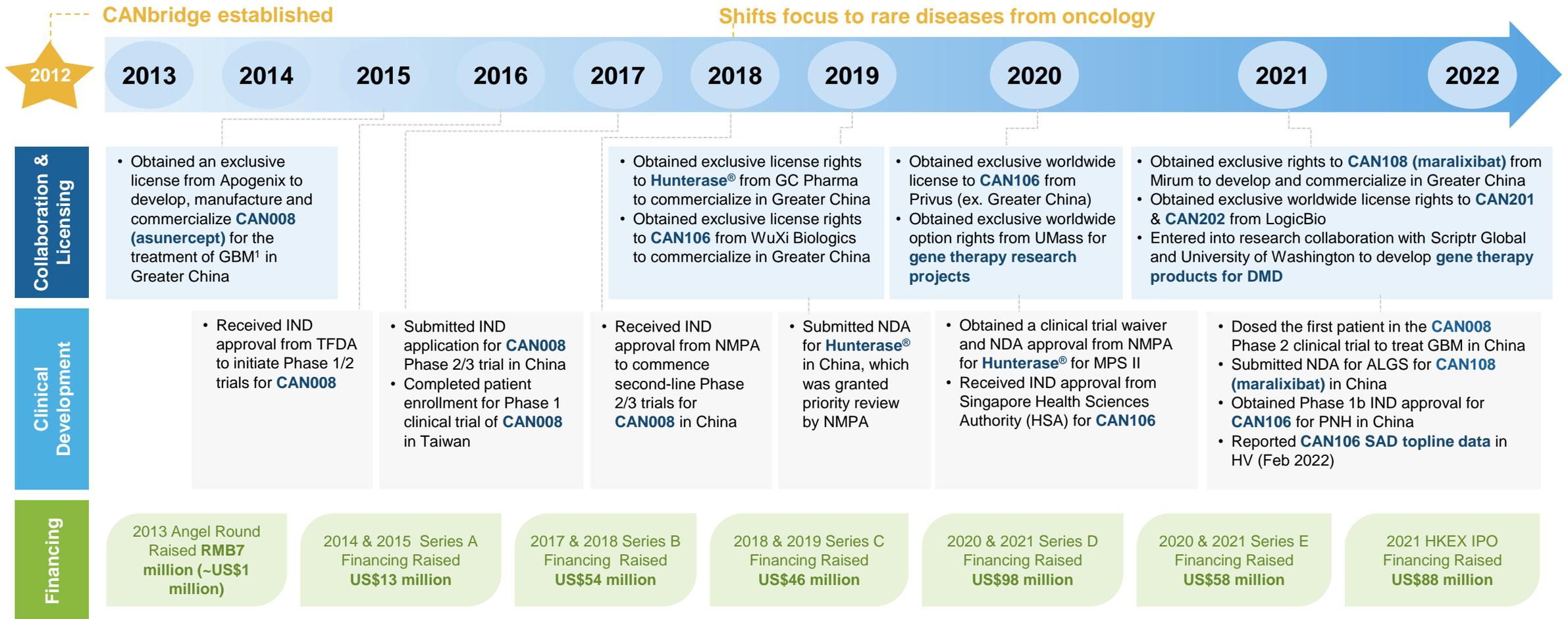
1 USD = 6.70 CNY, as of 30 June, 2022

A microscopic view of a petri dish with a pipette tip. The pipette is dispensing a drop of blue liquid into the dish. The background is a blurred, light green and blue color.

04

Appendix

Track Record of Sourcing and Developing Innovative and Validated Therapies



Abbreviation: GBM, glioblastoma multiforme